Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.50 Per Year

VOL. XXIX BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. JULY 28, 1898. NO. 28

JURY DISCHARGED.

That In United States Senator Kenney's Case.

MEMBERS FINALLY GAVE IT UP.

They Are Reported to Have Taken Twenty-five Ballots Each of Which Practically Stood 7 to 5 for Acquital.

THE TRIAL WAS VERY INTERESTING.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 26.—After having been locked up since last Friday at 12:45 o'clock, the jury in the case of Senator Richard R. Kenney, who is charged with aiding and abetting in the looting of the First National bank of Dover, last night was still unable to agree upon a verdict and were discharged by Judge Bradford from further consideration of the case. The decision of the court to discharge the jurors was arrived at after the jury had twice notified Judge Bradford that they were unable to agree. The first time was on Saturday afternoon when a note was sent to Judge Bradford so notifying him. The jury filed into court and were addressed by the judge, who urged them to give the case further deliberation and try to reach a decision. Since then the jury has been endeavoring to come to some conclusion. Last night about 8 o'clock the jury notified Judge Bradford that they could not agree on the verdict. District Attorney Vandegrift, Senator Kenney and his counsel, Senator Gray and Levi C. Bird was present when the jury came into the court room. The news that the jury had failed to agree spread rapidly and a large crowd had assembled to watch the proceedings. The court asked the jurors if they had been able to agree, and being answered in the affirmative he addressed counsel and asked them whether they objected to the discharge of the jury. There being no objections, the jury was accordingly relieved from further consideration of the case.

It is said that since the jury went out about 25 ballots were taken and in nearly every instance the vote stood 7 to 5 for acquital. Immediately after the fact that there had been a disagreement became known, there was considerable discussion as to what course will be followed by the government with relation to another trial. District Attorney Vandegrift said that he could not say when Senator Kenney would be placed on trial again, but was under the impression that the government would endeavor to have it arranged to take place in September.

The trial of Senator Kenney began in the United States district court two weeks ago and aside from the nature of the charge against him occupied considerable attention because of the defendant's high position as the junior United States senator from Delaware. Much testimony was taken during the trial and the principal witness against Senator Kenney was William E. Boggs, former teller of the bank, who pleaded guilty to defaulting in the sum of $107,000. The bill of indictment under which Senator Kenney stood trial named specifically twenty-five counts on which the grand jury had found a true bill. All but six of these were disposed of by demurrer or nolle prossequi These six aggregated about $3,500 which amount the senator was charged with aiding and abetting Boggs in taking from the bank.

He—I saw by the papers that half a dozen people were poisoned the other day by eating ice cream.

She—So did I, George! but I've never heard about anyone being poisoned by eating lobster salad, have you?—Roxbury Gazette.

BISHOP McGOVERN DEAD.

A Former Rector of St, John's Catholic Church of This Place.

Right Rev. Thomas McGovern, bishop of the Harrisburg diocese, died at 5:10 o'clock Monday evening at the Episcopal residence in Harrisburg, after a lingering illness, from a complication of diseases.

Bishop McGovern was one of the best known and most beloved Catholic prelates in the United States. He was born in Ireland and emigrated to this country with his parents when a year old. He was graduated from St. Mary's college, Emmitsburg, Md., in 1859. He concluded his theological course in the seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, Overbrook, and was ordained a priest December 27, 1861, by Archbishop Wood. The bishop is survived by two brothers and a sister.

He was assigned to the charge of Pottstown and Douglasville after his ordination, and was subsequently called as an assistant at St. Michael's church, Philadelphia, and later to St. Philip's church, same city. In June, 1864, Father McGovern was sent to Bellefonte to attend the stations attached to it, embracing Centre, Juniata and Mifflin counties. He labored in this mission for six years; built a new church in Bellefonte and organized sodalities, beneficial and temperance societies.

In 1868 the diocese of Harrisburg was organized by the Holy See, and July 12 the Rt. Rev. J. F. Shanahan, *D.* D. was consecrated its first bishop. Father McGovern's spiritual allegiance was made to him. *He* remained in Bellefonte until December, 1870, when he was appointed to St. Patrick's church, at York *Here* his energy and zeal again found a large field of labor. In July, 1873, he was transferred to Danville, where the financial crisis of that year frustrated many of his fondest hopes in the way of improvements in that parish. In 1881 and 1882 he made an extensive tour through America, Africa and Asia, traveling over 23,000 miles. He made the tour of Palestine and Syria on horseback and lodged under tents for thirty-eight nights.

Bishop Shanahan passed away September 24, 1886, and Father McGovern was appointed his successor January 15, 1888.

Bishop McGovern was a man of marked ability, energy and executive talent. During the year 1895 he made a visit to the Holy See at Rome, and on his return to Harrisburg was accorded a hearty reception by his parishioners, which showed the love and respect he enjoyed among his people.

Rev. Dr Koch, of Shamokin, vicar general of the diocese, will administer affairs of the Harrisburg Diocese until a sucessor of the late Bishop McGovern is appointed. The Bishop will be buried Friday morning in the Pro Cathedral Yard.

How the Line is Progressing.

The Centre Reporter says of the Central Commercial Telephone company, which some time ago applied to council for franchises in the city. This company embraces the counties of Centre, Clinton, Blair, Lycoming, Huntingdon and Montour. Its line from State College to Bellefonte, with a force of men under W. L. Goodhart, is now completed to within a mile of Bellefonte. It is intended to have the line extended to Centre Hall early in the coming fall and ultimately into Union county via Millheim and Woodward.

Mrs. Wm. Bigler.

Mrs. William Bigler, widow of ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator Bigler, died at her home in Clearfield Friday evening, aged 82 years. She was a daughter of Alex. B. Reed, one of the early settlers of Clearfield county. Possessed of a rare quality of mind and heart, she adorned the community and the church, of which she was for 65 years an active member. Three sons survive her, W. D., E. A., and H. F. Bigler, all of whom are prominent in the political and industrial affairs of that count

Sanctioned bicycle races will be held upon the Westport Bicycle Track, Aug., 11th. Competitors desiring to enter, may obtain application blanks of Dr. J. K. Gilmore, Westport, Pa.

At Santiago many of the Spanish soldiers are applying for American naturalization.

PRESIDENT WAS INFORMED.

Knew Proposals Were Coming and Hastened Gen. Miles.

SAMPSON UNABLE TO UNDERSTAND

The Blunt Command to the Admiral the Result of the Knowledge of Spain's Intention.

WILL BE NO FOREIGN INTERVENTION

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The first peace proposal from Spain came just one week too late to have any effect on international law. The President had means of knowing that this Spanish movement was impending. Therefore he was anxious for the invasion of Porto Rico. General Miles was well informed and urgently attended to his duty. Admiral Sampson was unable to understand, and therefore he received an order direct from the President himself which compelled him to move promptly and to furnish a proper convoy for General *Miles* and his advance army of invasion. Fortunately General Miles is now on Porto Rican soil and there can be no European intervention when this administration includes Porto Rico in the territory which Spain must forever surrender.

The duration of the campaign in Porto Rico cannot be foretold The difficulties before General Miles are extremely hazardous. His investment of San Juan may be long delayed. The administration at Washington desires no haste. General *Miles* fully understands the situation. There will be no needless loss of life, as there was at Santiago. It is the belief of the President and of his advisers that San Juan and Havana will fall without a battle. The President does not want to take the Canary Islands, but will do so unless Spain foolishly defers the inevitable.

The President has withheld the movement of Commodore Watson's squadron because he does not believe that the bombardment of Spanish coast cities will be necessary. But the delay of another week will result in the issuance of an order for the sailing of Watson's squadron, and Yankee shells will hurtle into Barcelona and Cadiz to emphasize the determination of this country to continue the war until Spain absolutely and abjectly humbles herself. It is believed that this condition is now dawning upon the minds of the Spanish ministry.

One of the cabinet this evening said: "You may safely and positively predict that there will be no concert of nations and that no foreign intervention will be tolerated. You will be wise to also tell the people that this government and this people owe a debt of appreciation to *Great* Britain which may some day be called a debt of gratitude. At present it is a debt of appreciation.

"We fully appreciate the fact that but for *Great* Britain there would have been a concert of nations in behalf of Spain. Because of the firm stand taken by the government at London there has been no foreign interference. This fact is now well understood in Berlin; and there will be no further annoyance given to Admiral Dewey at Manila. *Germany* has played her last card. Therefore Spain is abjectly helpless, and begins to realize that fact."

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the United Evangelical church, of Bellefonte, would invite their friends who always aided them, and others, to an ice cream and cake festival in the basement of the church on Saturday evening, July 30.

Duties at Santiago, will be collected in gold or its equivalent.

SPAIN AT LAST ENTREATS FOR PEACE!

Through the French Ambassador at Washington They Ask Terms.

MILES OWNS PORTO RICO.

Advance Guard of Expedition Forces Landing and Floats the Flag —Guanica Harbor is the Place—Sharp Skirmish With Spanish Soldiers.

OUR COMMANDER WENT ASHORE.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Spanish government has sued for peace, not indirectly through the great powers of Europe, but by a direct appeal to President McKinley. The proposition was formally submitted to the president at 3 o'clock this afternoon by the French ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, who had received instructions from the foreign office at Paris to deliver to the United States government the tender of peace formulated by the Spanish ministry. At the conclusion of the conference between the president and the French ambassador the following official statement was issued from the White House:

"The French ambassador on behalf of the government, of Spain, and by direction of the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, presented to the president this afternoon, at the White House, a message from the Spanish government looking to the ending of the war, and settlement of terms of peace.

This was the only official statement made public, but it sufficed to put at rest all conjecture, and to make clear and definite that at last Spain had taken the initiative toward peace. Although peace rumors have been current almost daily heretofore since the war began, not one of them had the shadow of foundation and until the French ambassador received instructions from Paris late last night no overtures of any kind had been received.

MADRID, via PARIS, July 27.—The government denies that the cabinet council occupied itself with the question of peace, although Senor Gamazo, minister of public instruction and public works, made a long speech on the subject.

Senor Sagasta denies the existence of official peace negotiations, but Duke Almodovar de Rio, minister of foreign affairs, says negotiations of a private character have been opened, due to private initiatives.

The council discussed the American landing in Porto Rico and its consequences. Nothing new was announced with reference to the situation in Cuba or the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—The war department at 11:30 posted the following:

ST. THOMAS, July 26,1898, 9:30 p. m.

Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

Circumstances were such that I deemed it advisable to take harbor of Guanica first, 15 miles west of Ponce, which was successfully accomplished between daylight and 11 o'clock. Spaniards surprised. The Gloucester, Commander Wainwright, first entered the harbor; met with slight resistence; fired a few shots. All the transports are now in the harbor and infantry and artillery rapidly going ashore. This is a well protected harbor, sufficiently deep for all transports and heavy vessels to anchor within 200 yards of shore. The Spanish flag was lowered and the American flag raised at 11 o'clock yesterday. Capt. Higginson with his fleet has rendered able and earnest assistance. Troops in good health and best of spirits. No casualties.

MILES, Major General, Commanding Army.

ST THOMAS, D. W. I., July 26.—The United States troops landed yesterday on the islond of Porto Rico, near Ponce, on the south coast,

MADRID, July 26.—A private dispatch from San Juan de Porto Rico says a strong American squadron has appeared before Bahia Honda, but that the American attempt to disembark was repulsed with considerable loss.

(Continued on fifth page.)

HOLGUIN MUST FALL SOON

Spanish Garrison There Will Have to Surrender.

THE MOVEMENTS OF THE FLEET.

The Spaniards Sunk the Spanish Gunboat Sendoval, Which Has Been Lying Near Caimanera.

THE VIXEN AND THE SUWANEE.

GUANTANAMO BAY, Santiago de Cuba, July 27.—The Prairie, arrived here from Nipe bay Monday evening and reported all quiet.

The Spaniards Monday night sunk the Spanish gunboat Sendoval, which has been lying near Caimanera. This is looked upon as being a gross breach of the terms of the surrender which the Spaniards then had knowledge of, especially considering the fact that food had been sent by the United States navy into Caimanara.

First Sergeant of *Marine* Kinney, of the York, went north *Monday* on the Texas to get his commission as second lieutenant of marine. This is almost the only case of such promotion on record in this branch of the service.

It is difficult to see how the large body of Spanish troops at Holguin can fail to surrender very soon, although reinforced by the Spanish forces from Gibara. Holguin is one of the commanding points in eastern Cuba and the surrender of its garrison will be an important event in the war. News from there is expected shortly, and upon it will depend some of the plans of our commanders.

The Vixen and Suwanee returned to Santiago Monday morning, convoying the prize ships brought here for disenfection.

The main body of the fleet is here, coaling and cleaning as well as the facilities of the bay permit. The Texas will leave for New York shortly to undergo repairs. The movements of the other ships under Rear Admiral Sampson's command, except those engaged in the Porto Rico expedition, depend upon the decision of the authorities at Washington, and the impression is growing among the naval officers of high rank in these waters that it is not advisable to send a fleet to Spain without previously enabling the ships to undergo thorough preparation, including going into dry dock in several cases.

Another Democratic Issue.

The democrats, besides having "state issues" and the endorsement of their National covention demanding free silver 16 to 1, have still another issue made by their candidate for governor, Jenks by name, who says he will make his campaign upon an additional issue, that this government must not retain any of the conquered territory from Spain after peace is declared, but give it back to her. That is to be the National and State Shibboleth of the democratic party, and great is Captain Jenks, of the horse Marines.

Act Like Women.

An exchange explains why a locomotive is like a woman, and is called "she." They wear a jacket, apron, have shoes, hose, and drag a train behind them; they have a lap, need guides, ride wheels, will not turn out for pedestrians, sometimes foam and refuse to work; they attract the men, sometimes act very contrary and it always takes a man to manage them.

—When a Bellefonte girl heard that a bachelor scribe, who is confirmed in his habits was engaged to be married, she remarked, "Oh, he'll never marry. He's as elusive as the Spanish fleet. It would take a Schley (sly) girl to capture him, and a Sampson to hold him." How about it. Francis?

SAMPSON'S SAY!

The Admiral Remarks That He Is Ready

CAN FURNISH A BIG CONVOY

Plenty of Powerful Ships to Keep Track of the Transports While They go on the Way to Porto Rico. How They are Made up.

WHAT SECRETARY LONG SAYS

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Concerning the naval convoys of General Miles' expedition from Cuba to Porto Rico, the navy department last night made public the following statement:

"Admiral Sampson telegraphed yesterday to the secretary of the navy that there has been no delay in furnishing ample convoy to General Miles. A day or two ago the Cincinnati and New Orleans were both placed at his disposal. The Columbia and Yale, carrying troops, are both powerfully armed, says the admiral's telegram, and this is an ample convoy for his expedition and to effect his landing. The Annapolis, Wasp and Leyden had been ordered from Nipe, the Gloucester also added and the three monitors ordered from Key West. Under these circumstances there certainly has been no lack of naval assistance. If General Miles preferred to wait the delay was his own. However, in further answer to his request, the Massachusetts and Dixie were also added yesterday morning and he has probably started."

This statement shows that Gen. Miles will be backed in effecting his landing on Porto Rican soil by a strong squadron of the navy. In addition to the vessels named in the statment, it is officially admitted for the first time that the powerful monitors, Terror, Amphitrite and Puritan, which have been at Key West, are under orders to proceed to Porto Rico to assist in the reduction of the Spanish force there.

It is known also to be not unlikely; indeed, it is probable that still other vessels of Admiral Sampson's fleet will participate in the reduction of the fortifications of San Juan, This was indicated clearly by Secretary Long's statement yesterday afternoon concerning the sailing of Commodore Watson's eastern squadron to Spain. In the course of that statement the secretary said the eastern squadron would be "sent to Spain later, when the Porto Rican campaign permits." It seems clear that some, at least, of the vessels will be employed in the bombardment of the fortifications of Porto Rico's principal city.

The Sultan and Our Missionaries

The Porte has demanded the recall of two American missionaries from the province of Aleppo, on the pretext that their mission for distribution of relief is likely to cause disturbances. "The sick man of Europe," as he is derisively termed, is as unreasonable as his political health is feeble. As a bright contrast to his obstinacy and stupidity, the people of America are acknowledging far and wide the beneficence of the mission of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, namely, to relieve and prevent malaria, rheumatism and kidney complaint, chronic dyspepsia, constipation and liver trouble. The nervous, the weak and the infirm derive unspeakable benefit from its use, and it greatly mitigates those infirmities specially incident to advancing years. Sleep, appetite, and a sensation of comfort throughout the system, ensue upon its use, which should be regular and persistent, An early resort to this fine preventive is aigically suggested to those who seek its aid.

He Loved Them All.

Rev. C. T. Atwood, pastor of the Christian church at Whiting, Sioux City, Iowa, has lost his job because he promised to marry 27 different women there and couldn't fulfill all his contracts.

The multiplicity of his love affairs leaked out when his prospective marriage with one of his fiancees was announced. Then all the others filed their claims and wanted the pastor "churched" for his duplicity.

While the church trustees were considering the matter Mr. Atwood resigned to forestall any unfavorable action.

He says he loved all the damsels because they are children of Christ, but that in promising to marry them he simply meant that he would perform the ceremony when called on to do so.

—See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the same grape. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world.

Ethel—I've had fully a dozen offers of marriage lately.

Maud—Mercy me! Good ones?

Ethel—Yes. All from George.—"Tit-its."

OUR TINY PACIFIC ISLANDS,

Some We Have Owned Since 1857 and Still Uninhabited.

How many persons know that the United States has possessions in the South Pacific that might be used as coaling stations in our campaign against the Philippines? asks the New York Herald. Did you ever hear of Baker Island or Howland Islands? Its a thousand chances to one that you never did, but they have been United States possessions since 1857.

It has been suggested that these tiny islands might come in handy just at this time, pending the annexation of Hawaii. They have never before assumed the slightest degree of importance, and even now the officials of the war department at Washington are not inclined to believe that they can be put to a practical use, except in case of the mostdire necessity.

Still, that emergency might possibly arise, and these desolate spots upon a still more desolate sea may yet serve a purpose heretofore undreamed of. The exact location of Baker Island to be accurate is latitude 13 minutes 30 seconds north, longitude 176 degrees 29 minutes 30 seconds west. Howland Island lies two or three miles to the north.

Neither island is inhabited, except by sea fowl and a multitude of half-starved vicious rats. The latter do not hesitate to attack a human being. At certain times of the year the islands are visited by vessels, which load with guano, which abound in great quantities. What little vegetation there is is coarse and scanty.

Baker island has no fresh water, but on Howland island are several pools of brackish water, supposed to be partially freshened by distillation from the sea. The former island boasts a movable wharf. It is quite impossible for vessels to load between November and April.

Howland island is two miles long and half a mile wide. Baker island is one mile long and three-quarters of a mile wide. Aside from the fact that they are out of the usual sailing course, it would seem that the island would possess little value as a base of war supplies. But still there is some satisfaction in knowing that they are there, and they belong to our government. The time may come when, insignificant as they now appear we may be glad of their existence.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Veteran Grow.

From the Philadelphia Press, July 20.

Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Glenwood, congress-man-at-large, was a conspicuous figure in the corridors of the Continental hotel yesterday. His eyes were bright and his tall form seemed sturdy and robust—far different from the reports that he appears aged. Mr. Grow stated that his health was very much improved.

Speaking of the political situation he said that the republican majority this fall will doubtless be very large; that while there is discord in his party there is also divided democracy, which had adopted isms in the Bryan campaign that had been a deathblow to the organization. He does not expect Dr. Swallow to receive much more than the old-time prohibition vote. "Last year was only a frolic—nothing more," added Mr. Grow, and the ambitious doctor will see the difference at the next election.

The venerable congressman feels confident that Spain will not sue for peace. "We may take all her colonies," said he, "and the stubborn Spaniards will simply lie down and not give up. It would not warrant this country invading Spain, where they have a large standing army with nothing to do but fight, and, therefore, the daily cry that peace is near is all humbug," continued the congressman.

Mr. Grow had experience with yellow fever in Texas years ago, and states that it is not a fatal disease—in fact not even dangerous—under proper nursing. Typhoid he pronounces far worse.

It is his purpose this fall to make speeches, particularly in behalf of the congressional candidates.

How It Worked in Bloomsburg.

It is said that when the Bloomsburg assessors were at work enumerating the school children, the parents of many of them made false returns as to their age, etc., to keep their children at work in the factories. The return made was 200 short of the actual number. Now the school board discovers that the state appropriation which is apportioned upon the number of children of school age, has been cut $800. An extra half mill has been added to the levy in order to keep the school open.

It isn't much trouble for a really healthy man to be good humored. Jollity and exhuberant health are a proverbial combination. The hearty man who is always laughing doesn't have any trouble with his digestion. It has been said that laughing makes people healthy. The truth is that health makes people laugh.

It is impossible to estimate the tremendous influence of health upon human character. A man with a headache will not be in a happy, contented frame of mind. A man who suffers from a weak stomach and an impaired digestion will sit and grumble through the best meal ever prepared. A bilious man who is not a bore, is deserving of a place in a museum. A nervous man who is not petulent and fault-finding is a curiosity. All these conditions lead to grave diseases, when the victim becomes not only disagreeable, but dependent as well. A wise wife will realize that while the old saying that a "man's heart is in his stomach," is not literally true, it is a fact that his stomach sweetens or sours his character according as it is healthy or unhealthy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best of medicines for the conditions described. It makes the weak stomach strong, the impaired digestion perfect, invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood and tones the nerves. It tears down half-dead, inert tissues and replaces them with the firm muscular tissues of health. It builds new and healthy nerve fibres and brain cells. It dissipates nervousness and melancholy and imparts mental elasticity and courage. It is the best of all known medicines for nervous disorders.

"Through your skillful treatment I am once more a well man," writes J. N. Arnold, Esq., of Gandy, Logan Co., Nebr. "I suffered for years and could not find relief until I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I suffered with constipation and torpidity of liver which resulted in irritation of the prostate and inflammation of the bladder. I had only taken one bottle when I found great relief. The medicine has effected a permanent cure."

The Earth's Shape.

Washington Cor. of The Boston Transcript

In the midst of war the pursuits of science fortunately are not interrupted, and the coast geodetic survey of the United States is contributing its share toward interesting study of the size and shape of the earth. So quietly do the scientific brains of Washington go on with their work almost that the reay lost sight of in the turbulence of politics and the struggles of arms.

But it seems that some of the questions supposed from the text-books of the grammar schools to be settled are still open for discussion and attracting the keenest attention of some of the world's greatest students. That the form of the earth is that of an oblate spheroid or a spheres lightly flattened at the poles was such a settled question is commonly believed, when, in fact, the scientists are entertaining the hypothesis that the earth is gradually verging toward the tetrahedron—a solid bounded by four triangles, or a triangular pyramid—with the apex at the South Pole and the continents representing the bulging out from the spherical surface.

Of course, the earth is not yet far out of its spherical form, if the tetrahedal theory be proved, but certain facts make the hypothesis an interesting one. The earth in its cooling, according to the theory, is causing a collapse of its envelope, or crust, and while the sphere is that geometrical body which has the greatest volume for a given surface, and the tetrahedron the least, the shrinkage of the interior would tend to throw the superficial envelope, grown too large by the shrinkage of the interior, into a tetrahedral form.

In October a series of experiments under the direction of the International Geodetic association will be undertaken, and in this country the coast and geodetic survey will have charge of America's share of the work. From the observations made it will be possible to derive some fresher conclusions as to the shape of the earth, the movement of the poles and kindred subjects.

THE Musical College at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., is now in session and will continue without vacation until the holidays giving young people an opportunity of attending a term of six weeks or more at a trifling expense, and can be admitted at any time. For catalogue and information address,

HENRY B. MOYER, Freeburg, Pa.

—An old bachelor says that a man who confines his courting to widows never courts a-miss.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

MADRID ADVICES.

The News From There Has a Roseate Hue.

MANILA ADVICES ARE VERY GOOD

An "Official" Dispatch Which Says That While the Blockade Is Strict the Enemy Has Lost Heavily in the Battles.

THE AMERICAN FORCES BREAKING

MADRID, July 21.—A semi-official note has been published here explaining the circumstances, from a Spanish standpoint, of the surrender of Santiago. It declares that the letter which General Toral is alleged to have written to Gen. Shafter is apocryphal, as the telegraphic version "contains a statement which it was impossible for Gen. Toral to have made, because it is untrue that his government authorized him to capitulate."

The note continues: "What happened was that the war minister received two telegrams from Captain General Blanco. The first described General Toral's position, which was most pitiful because of the want of provisions and ammunition. It also detailed the enemy's proposals.

"In the second telegram Captain General Blanco gave the terms of the capitulation and requested instructions. The war minister replied to both by telling Captain General Blanco to leave every initiative to General Toral, for it was impossible to recommend any other line of conduct. General Toral accordingly acted as he thought advisable and would explain before a court martial the motives which induced him to capitulate."

Senor Sagasta and Gen. Correa, minister of war, declare that the latest news from the Philippines is of the most favorable character. General Correa's advices indicate that the insurgents are now displaying "only a lukewarm hostility to the Spanish troops."

Captain General Augusti sends an official dispatch asserting, under date of July 14, that while the blockade is becoming very strict, the enemy has lost heavily in several recent engagements, "by which the morale of the American forces have been weakened and the Spanish have been greatly encouraged."

The dispatch alleges also that "the garrison is ready to fight to the death" and that General Monet and several officers who had escaped from Matabbe have arrived there. General Augusti concludes as follows: "Modestly and without exaggeration, which is contrary to my character, I have described with loyal candor the situation, to which I am consecrating all my efforts for my country and my king."

An official dispatch from Captain General Blanco announces that the greatest enthusiasm prevails there and the feeling in favor of resisting the "Yankee" is universal. It further asserts that the commanders of the volunteer forces, at a conference under the presidency of Gen. Arolas, military governor of Havana, resolved to "exhaust their resources and die rather than surrender." The American warships, the dispatch says, are off Manzanillo, apparently awaiting instructions, but the bombardment has not been resumed."

MADRID, July 20, (Midnight).—Ministers maintain absolute reserve on the question of peace. It is certain that until yesterday no negotiations were opened, nevertheless public opinion favors peace.

The captain general of Madrid has prohibited a meeting of officers called to examine a new projectile.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Cutting Logs in Clearfield.

James Mitchell has a force of men at work on his timber lands in Greenwood township, Clearfield county, and is cutting and peeling 8,000,000 feet of logs. Considering that 1,000,000 feet will yield 400 cords of bark, the cut will yield 3,200 cords, and if this sells for $4.00 a cord it will yield a revenue of $12,800.

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's Friend so assists nature in the change taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of **Motherhood.** Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer.
HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Axe Mann Notes No. 1.

The abundant rain in the beginning of the week was received with joy, as everything seemed to be drying up.

Leonard, the infant son of Elias Breon, is quite ill with cholera infantum.

The Axe Mann Union Sunday school will hold their annual picnic in Swartz's grove next Thursday, July 28. All are invited to come and enjoy a day's outing in the woods.

Miss Mollie White has been very sick for some time, but is improving at this writing.

Mr. Perry Steele and wife spent several days last week visiting their daughter, Mrs. Allison, at Spring Mills.

Miss Stella Smith and the Misses Weaver, of State College, spent last week at the home of Mr. Harry Harter.

As the wheat crop is very large and quite a number of our farmers have not barn room enough, W. S. White is very busily engaged threshing in the fields.

Miss Lizzie Whitmer and sister, of Buffalo Run, spent Sunday with relatives in town.

R. M. Kaup and wife, accompanied by Mr. Holter, of Howard, visited relatives at Oak Hall on Sunday.

E. E. Brown and Milton Lucas went to Punxsutawney this week in search of employment.

Mrs. Harvey Griffith returned home last week from Williamsport, where she attended the funeral of her brother, Wm. Martin.

Mrs. Hughes, of Lewistown, is visiting relatives in our town at present.

The teachers of the Axe Mann schools for the coming term are as follows: H. G. Mease, grammar, $34; J. Clyde Jodon, primary, $31.

Miss Gertie Scanlon, a very pleasant young lady, employed in a large tailoring establishment in Altoona, is spending her vacation with her parents in our town.

W. M. Owens, of Punxsutawney, spent last week with relatives in our town.

Mrs. Wm. Ott returned home on Monday, after visiting relatives in Lewistown for sometime.

Mrs. Beck and Mrs. Steward spent several days with friends at Lemont last week.

Men are working on the new line of telephone in our town this week. The holes are all dug and they have commenced to erect the poles.

H. C. Breon spent last week with relatives at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Geo. Glenn is at Woodward visiting friends.

Mrs. Thomas Weaver has gone to Williamsport hospital to receive treatment for her eyes.

Al. Martin, of Williamsport, spent last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. H. G. Griffith.

Mrs. Noah Breon and daughter spent Sunday with relatives at Hublersburg.

DIED—On Monday morning, July 18, the angel of death entered the quiet home of Austin Johnson, of our town, and took from them their little ten months' old son, Harold. Although he has been a very delicate child he has always been very bright, and as he was the babe of the household he will be missed very much by his parents. Interment was made Wednesday morning at Pleasant Gap.

Effects of the Mauser Bullet.

The wounded soldiers at Tampa show clean-cut wounds, without laceration, made by Mauser bullets at long range. Those who were struck at close range during the early fighting were so badly mutilated that it was at first believed the Spaniards had hacked their bodies with machetes. The difference is explained to be that the Mauser bullet, when it leaves the gun, has a twisting, spiral motion, which causes it to tear large holes in any soft substance that it passes through, while, after it has gone some distance, it loses this motion and travels with a steady even flight, which carries it through flesh and bone without making a hole larger than itself. The wounded men say, however, that, though the bullets gave them little pain when they struck, they knocked down the men they hit, and this answers a question of great interest to foreign military students, especially among the English, who have expressed much curiosity as to the abilities of the various types of projectiles to "stop" an advancing foe. They find fault with most of the small calibre bullets because of their supposed inability to stop the man they hit, and defend the spreading Dum Dum bullet adopted by the British army, because, they say, when they strike a man it puts him out of the combat immediately. But now it seems that the slender Mauser bullets do the same, and opinion on this point will have to be revised again.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Young Men Should Remember.

That piety is not priggishue.

That it takes more than muscle to make a man,

That bigness is not greatness.

That it requires pluck to be patient.

That selfishness is the most unmanly thing in the world.

That consideration for mother and sister does more to mark a gentleman than the kind of necktie he wears.

That the only whole man is the holy man.

That to follow a crowd is a confession of weakness.

That street corners are a poor college.

That one real friend is worth a score of mere acquaintances.

That to be afraid to be one's noblest self is greatest cowardice.

That it is never too soon to begin the business of making a man of one's self.

That what is put into the brain today will be taken out ten years hence.

That the only manliness worth possessing is shown in the life of the Son of Man.—Selected.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

"Protection, Prosperity and Patriotism!" The Republican party gives us the first, the first gives us the second and the third gives us the Republican party, thus completing the circuit.

Shake into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for swelling, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores By mail 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

We're All In It.

An exchange puts it this way: We live in a land of high mountains and high taxes, low valleys and low wages, big crooked rivers and big crooked statesmen, big lakes, big pumpkins, big man with pumpkin heads, silver streams that gamble in the mountains, and pious politicians that gamble in the night, roaring cataracts and roaring orators, fast trains, fast horses, fast young men, sharp toed shoes, noisy children, fertile plains that lie like a sheet of water, and a thousand newspapers that lie like thunder.

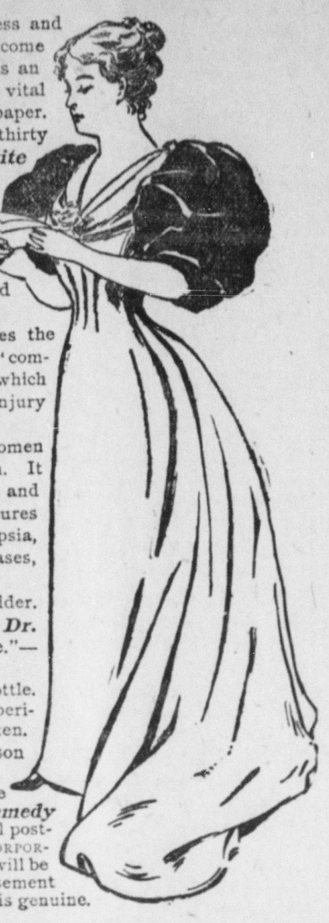
Vacations for Postal Clerks.

The superintendents of the railway mail service have inaugurated a movement to have enough additional appropriation made to enable every postal clerk to take a fifteen days' vacation each year on full pay, as do employes in nearly every other branch of the postal service.

Mrs. Joggins—Willy, has your mother been buying a new rug?

Willy—Yes; you wouln't know there was a hole in the carpet now, would you?—Tit Bits

Welcome News



Any information that tells how sickness and disease can be overcome is the most welcome news a paper can print. Although this is an advertisement, it contains facts of more vital importance than anything else in this newspaper.

It tells of a medicine known for over thirty years as ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.*** It is a medicine that purifies the Blood, and restores the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs to vigor and strength. Its principal ingredient is not alcohol. It does not ruin men's and women's lives by causing intoxication and fostering the appetite for strong drink.

Favorite Remedy cools and purifies the blood. It is not like the many "bitters," "compounds" and "tonics," now so widely sold, which heat and inflame the blood, doing more injury than good.

Favorite Remedy cures troubles of women just as certainly as it cures troubles of men. It restores the Liver to a healthy condition, and cures the worst cases of Constipation. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes and Bright's Disease.

"My complaint was Stone in the Bladder. Physicians said my case was hopeless, but ***Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** cured me."—D. H. HOAG, Lebanon Springs, N. Y.

Sold in all drug stores for $1.00 a bottle. One teaspoonful is a dose, and you will experience relief long before first bottle is taken.

Sample Bottle Free! Every person troubled with any of the ailments mentioned above is offered a chance to try ***Favorite Remedy*** without any cost whatever. Send your full post-office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and a free sample will be sent you. Please say you saw the advertisement in this paper, so we may know your request is genuine.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **3 times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Catalogue and prices free. Also **Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's
Electric
Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices { No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50 / No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50 / No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT,
342 Broadway, N. Y.

FARMERS

you can make money by selling and using **HOLDFAST Corn Binders,** used on every shock. Pull and it's fast. Ties itself. Costs less than string. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency NOW. Outfit 5c stamps. **TIE CO.,** Box 522 Dunkirk, N. Y.

FUN MAKING

and health making are included in the making of HIRES Rootbeer. The preparation of this great temperance drink is an event of importance in a million well regulated homes.

HIRES
Rootbeer

is full of good health. Invigorating, appetizing, satisfying. Put some up to-day and have it ready to put down whenever you're thirsty.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

cures Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2615, New York City.

War with Spain!

Reliable War News
IN THE GREAT
NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Furnished by Special Correspondents at the Front.

The New York WEEKLY TRIBUNE

RELIABLE — WAR NEWS

Will contain all important war news of the daily edition.

Special dispatches up to the hour of publication.

Careful attention will be given to Farm and Family Topics, Foreign Correspondence, Market Reports, and all general news of the World and Nation.

We furnish the New York Weekly Tribune and your favorite home paper.

THE REPUBLICAN,
BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.50
Send all orders to THE REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

In Kentucky.

An anecdote of Bishop Thomas W. Dudley reveals, in his own words, the secret of his success.

When it was first known in the city in which he was settled that he was to go to Kentucky, some of his friends were disposed to be critical.

"You are not going to Kentucky, are you," asked one.

"Yes, indeed."

"Do you know what kind of a state that is? I saw in a paper that one man killed another in a Kentucky town for treading on a dog."

The bishop said nothing, and the man continued, impatiently, "What are you going to do in a place like that?"

"I'm not going to tread on the dog," was the calm reply.—Sioux City Journal.

Water Ices.

Water ices are inexpensive, delicious and seasonable. They are a trifle more troublesome to make and require a much longer time in freezing, but their lesser cost is more than compensation. The recipe given is for lemon ice, but with the variations of a little less sugar and of different fruits, it may be used with either oranges, pineapples, raspberries, strawberries, cherries and currants. A sherbert may be made by adding, just before packing, the white of an egg beaten to a stiff froth, into which has been mixed a tablespoonful of fine sugar.

To make the lemon water ice, boil for five minutes exactly one quart of water and one pound and a quarter of white sugar, to which has been added the rind of three lemons and of one orange. Remove whatever scum arises and strain the syrup while hot through a muslin bag. When cool mix the juice of four lemons and of one orange with the syrup; strain a second time and freeze.

No GLORY will be taken from Lieutenant Hobson if due appreciation be given to that of one of his seven companions who was fortunate enough to evolve just before starting on the desperate voyage a phrase that deserves to live and will. It was Osborn Deignan, of Iowa, a boy of twenty one, who managed to immortalize himself without any help from Spanish cannon. When asked if he expected to get back alive, he answered, carelessly: "Oh, I guess we stand a fair chance of getting out," and then, with emphasis, "but they can't stop us going in!" That's the way they all felt, and they acted on the feeling. Deignan put it into words within the hearing of appreciative ears.

EDITORS TABLE.

Two striking works of fiction are notable attractions of the August number of Harper's Magazine—"The Monster," by Stephen Crane, and "The Lord Chief Justice" by H. B. Marriott Watson. Mr. George W. Smalley contributes an interesting paper of reminiscences and anecdotes of Mr. Gladstone, and a valuable and suggestive estimate of the character of the Prince of Walez is contained in an article entitled "If the Queen had Abdicted." The number also includes "The Convict System in Siberia," by Stephen Bonsol; "Under the Spell of the Grand Canon,," by T. Mitchell Prudden and the concluding chapters of "Roden's Corner," by Henry Seton Merriman. Three short stories, in addition to those already mentioned the usual departments, and an abundance of artistic illustrations complete a particularly attractive number of this famous magazine.

A timely naval story by James Barnes, entitled "The Blackaders," opens the number of Harper's Round Table for August. Joseph H. Adams's directions for building a house raft will prove of interest and value to many, being fully illustrated by pictures and working plans. The issue also includes the winning story of the recent "Short Story Competition," further instalments of "The Adventurers" and "The Copper Princess," and the usual variety of entertaining fiction and instructive articles. Suiting the paper to the season, the proprietors are making the attractive offer of a summer subscription of three months for twenty-five cents which will undoubtedly attract considerable attention.

Various topics of importance to women will be treated in Harpers Bazar during the coming month by such well-known writers as Marion Harland, Dr. Grace Perkham Murry and Mrs. H. M. Plunkett. Mr. Howell's serial, "Ragged Lady," is fulfilling the promise of excellence given in the opening chapters, and will be a most attractive feature of the periodical during the remainder of the year.

The broadening theatre of our war with Spain will be thoroughly covered by the staff of Harper's Weekly correspondents during the coming month. Its special artists and writers will follow every movement of our forces on land and sea, and the important events at Washington will receive careful attention. Mr. Stockton's serial, "The Associate Hermits," will run during the summer months.

An Increase Demanded.

The miners of district No. 2, covering Central Pennsylvania, met at Altoona this week, and after a general discussion of grievances, the 30 delegates, representing 32,000 men out of 55,000 in the district, decided to demand an increase of 10 per cent. in their wages, and if a favorable reply is not received from the operators by July 28 work in all the mines shall be suspended. Saturday, July 30, was declared a general holiday, and a mass meeting will be held in all the mine centres of the district for the purpose of settling the question of suspension according to the scale adopted. The delegates claim they are well organized and in splendid shape for a strike.

Nearly 200,000 Acres.

W. P. Mitchell, who, with State Forestry Commissioner Rothrock, recently purchased over 14,000 acres of unseated lands in this county, attended the sale for unseated lands in Clearfield county Monday, and purchased the following tracts: Girard township, eight tracts, 3,395 acres; Karthaus township, four tracts, 3,987 acres; Pine township, eight tracts 6,871 acres, 119 perches; Union township, 650 acres, one tract; total, twenty-one tracts, containing 19,903 acres, 119 perches. This land will be held by the state as a forest and will be protected from fires and vandalism and in a few years will be very valuable land and will add to the wealth of the country.

Month of July.

July, the seventh month of the year in our calendar, was the fifth in the Roman calendar, where it was called the Quintilis. Originally it contained 36 days but it was reduced by Romulus to 31, by Numa to 30, but was restored to 31 days by Julius Caesar, in honor of whom it was named July, on account of his birth having happened on the 12th of that month. Our Anglo-Saxon ancestors called the month "mead month" from the meadows being then in bloom. The month contains our own glorious Fourth and dog days, both of which are very important periods.

Assessment of School Taxes.

The attorney general's department, in answer to a letter from the department of public instruction relating to the assessment of school taxes, rules that under the laws as modified by the act of July 22, 1897, echo l boards have authority (1) to assess and levy taxes for school purposes upon real estate and personal property in the manner heretofore provided; and (2) to assess an occupation or per capita tax of one dollar upon each and every male inhabitant of the age of twenty-one years and upward. This per capita tax is in lieu of the occupation tax levied under the old law, and the amount thereof cannot be exceeded in any case, no matter at what sum the occupation, trade or profession may have been valued by the assessor for state and county purposes.

Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.

Group of Girls Carrying Weighty Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.

The Speer Wine Company, Passaic N. J.,

have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world, their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal; as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe, who have tried them recommend them as the best.

A close study by physicians on the effect of different brands of wines on the system convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew S. Rowan will tell, in the August number of McClure's Magazine, the story of the secret journey he made from Jamaica into and across Cuba, in order to learn from General Garcia what support and co-operation we were to expect from the Cuban insurgents in the war then begun with Spain. Apart from the positive dangers that beset every step of it, it was a journey full of discomforts and difficulties, and General Miles pronounced Colonel Rowan's execution of it "an act of heroism and cool daring that has rarely been excelled in the annals of warfare." The article will be illustrated from sketches by the Cuban general, Enrique Collazo, who accompanied Rowan through the latter half of the journey.

She—I see that a man in Kansas owns a geranium twelve feet high.

He—What joy his wife will take in making him carry it in and out of the house next fall.—Indianapolis Journal.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS EVERYWHERE
ASK FOR THEM!

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy
The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

You Are Missing A Great Pleasure If You Are Not Using Green's Famous Chocolate Ice Cream Soda Water, 5c a Glass.

15 Women Wanted for traveling position with old established firm. Permanent. Pays $40 a month and all expenses. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 25 Locust St., Phila., Pa.

WANTED. An active lady or gentleman to sell the pocket edition of "Ready Reference of Important Facts." Sell at sight. Send 25 cents for sample copy and terms to the UNION PUBLISHING CO., York, Penn'a.

FREE
TO BOYS AND GIRLS.

A small stem-winding watch, nickel silver cases, nickel movement, warranted for five years, for selling 25 packages of best Bluing at 10 cents each. **NO MONEY REQUIRED.** Send address and we foward Blueing by mail; when sold return the money and we send watch. Can be sold in one day to neighbors and friends. Every boy and girl should have a good reliable watch; here is the opportunity. A pair of Barney & Berry steel skates for selling 28 packages.

BEST BLUING CO., Boston, Mass.

Renew Your Subscriptions.

Professional Cards.

D. H. HASTINGS, W. F. REEDER

HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 14-1y-13

A. DALE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. 24-19-1f

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

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HUMPHREYS' ANIMAL SPECIFICS.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

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NATIONAL SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND

Tea Clubs

We will interest you. Send us your address on a Postal Card.

AMERICAN TEA CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

3 FAVORITE AND MOST POPULAR
FLOWERS
PANSIES, NASTURTIUMS
SWEET PEAS, one Pkt. of each variety for only **6 cts.**
and the Address of Two Friends to
Including free copy of 1898 Catalogue and Floral Culture.
MISS C. H. LIPPINCOTT, 919 Sixth Street So., Minneapolis, Minn.

OWN A TEN ACRE FRUIT & TRUCK FARM

in the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling lands, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. **Delaware Land and Improvement Company,** 11 Broadway, New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of DR. HAY'S KILL C[illegible] only sure and Instant 10c. C[illegible] CURE, on receipt of 60c. three be[illegible] $1.50.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

DON'T ACCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

DEAFNESS AND NOISE IN THE HEAD CURED [illegible] Whispers heard. Call or write 853 Broadway, N. Y. Book and Proofs free.

The Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1898.

W. E. GRAY, Chairman, Bellefonte.
HARRY KELLER, Secretary.
G. W. REES' Asst. Sec.
J. T. MITCHELL, Asst. Sec.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	Jas I McClure	"
" W W	S H Williams	"
Centre Hall boro	B D Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Hayes Schenck	Howard
Milesburg "	A S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	John Sch elfer.	Millheim
Philipsburg 1 w	P E Womelsdorf	Philipsburg
" "2	Geo E Chandler,	Philipsburg
" "3	Harry Simler	
South Philipsburg	Ira M Stover	Ph'rsbg
Unionville Boro	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	Benner Way,	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	Geo. W. Miller,	"
Boggs Twp E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	J A Crider	Milesburg
Boggs Twp N P	James Croft	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Samuel Beightol	Moshannon
College Twp	J W Getz	Lemont
Curtin "	E C Daley	Romola
College boro	Philip D Foster	State Coll.
Ferguson Twp E P	Claudius B Hess	Fairbrook
Ferguson " W P	J W Sunday,	Rock Springs
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg " W P,	W S Musser,	Spring Mills
Gregg " E P,	Jos. K. Bitner.	Penn Hall
Haines " E P	E H Musser	Woodward
Haines " W P	Dr C S Musser	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	F N Wyre	Loveville
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	Daniel Yothers	Julian
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	R K Wilson	Walker
Miles E P	John DeLong	Livonia
" N. P.	Sam'l Strohecker	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton "	Frank Clemson	Benore
Penn "	James Cooney	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush " N P	Thomas James.	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Harry S Stuart,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	J I Yarnell	Snow Shoe
" W P.	Boston Viehdorfer,	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Wm Saylor Sr.	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	Wryeman T Noll.	Bellefonte
Taylor "	Christ Sharer	Hannah
Union "	Lucy Lucas	Fleming
Worth "	H Osman	Port Matilda
Walker "	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" "	George Gobble	Nittany
" "	Christ Decker	Zion

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

CONGRESS.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Please announce my name as a candidate for Congress in the 28th Congressional District of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican Primaries of Centre County and the decision of the Conferees representing the different counties of the district.

CLEMENT DALE.

Bellefonte, Pa., July 21, 1898.

We are authorized to announce the name of William C. Arnold, as a candidate for Congress in the 28th Congressional district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican primaries of Centre county and the decision of the conferees representing the different counties of the district.

LEGISLATURE.

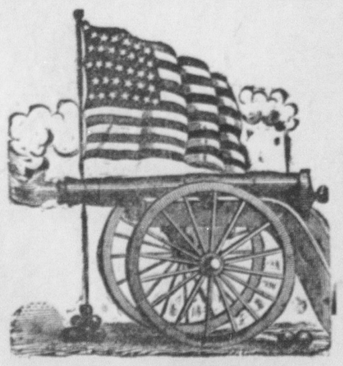
We are authorized to announce as a candidate for the Legislature E. F. Townsend, of Philipsburg, subject to the decision of the Republican County convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN A. DALEY, of Curtin Township, as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

PROTHONOTARY.

I hereby announce my name as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican convention.

A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston Twp.



Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT,
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,

TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 25, 1898.

Uncle Sam took the first step towards the aquisition of another desirable piece of real estate, when Gen. Miles hoisted "Old Glory" on Porto Rico, and, whatever may be done with other captured territory, it is certain that Porto Rico is going to be ours to keep. In addition to the troops with Gen. Miles, two other armies are to be landed at different points in Porto Rico at once. Then the three armies will capture all of the smaller places before moving in concert on the heavily fortified town of San Juan. Three weeks is the outside estimate of the length of the campaign, although President McKinley's desire that San Juan shall be taken without infantry assaults upon the breast works, if possible, may lengthen the campaign.

For reasons satisfactory to himself, President McKinley has deferred sailing of Commodore Watson's fleet for the coast of Spain. The presumption is that he is giving Spain an opportunity to sue for peace, although neither he nor any member of his cabinet has said anything upon which to base that presumption. Secretary Long when asked the direct question, when Watson's fleet would start for Spain, said: "Whenever the President issues the order."

The encouraging news from Gen. Shafter's army has destroyed the last vestige of the yellow fever scare. A considerable number of our men over there have the fever, but there have been very few deaths from it.

The trouble about the yellow journal story of how the war department got euchred when it contracted with a Spanish Steamship company for the transportation of the surrendered Spanish soldiers from Santiago to Spain was the usual one—it wasn't true. The Spanish Steamship company will get no advantage whatever out of the contract beyond the cash paid for the transportation, while the war department made sure by placing this contract that no complaint could be made against us in connection with the treatment of the prisoners on the voyage, and that there would be no trouble about their being landed in Spain. The contract specifically stated that no vessels belonging to the company would be allowed to leave blockaded ports to perform the service provided for.

It is the opinion of President McKinley and members of his cabinet that the friction between Gen. Shafter and Gen. Garcia, who commands the Cuban insurgents in the Santiago district, which led to Garcia's withdrawing his troops and announcing that he had tendered his resignation to Gen. Gomez, the commander-in-chief of the insurgents, is more the result of misunderstanding than anything else. Gen. Shafter's instructions are to treat the insurgents courteously and kindly and not to expect too much from them in a military way. It is nonsense for Garcia to pretend to be disgruntled because Santiago was not turned over to the insurgents. It has been made plain to him and all of the other insurgent leaders that the United States intended to assume military control of Cuba as fast as it came into our possession, and to retain that control until such time as all the residents of Cuba should be given an opportunity to express themselves as to how and by whom they would be governed. It was because of doubt that the insurgents represented a majority of the residents of Cuba that President McKinley strove so hard and successfully to prevent Congress providing for the recognition of the insurgent government.

The United States sells more wheat and flour to Japan than do all other countries combined, and the official figures in a report from U. S. Consul Harris, at Nagasaki, shows a steady and healthy growth in this trade. Of wheat we sent in 1895, only 484,510 lbs., but in 1896, it had grown to 2,451,689 lbs., and in 1897, to 12,467,466 lbs. Of flour we sent in 1895, 13,866,970 lbs., in 1896, 31,408,311 lbs., and in 1897, 31,094,810 lbs.

That a protective tariff does not prevent the growth of our export trade, ought to be too well known to need proof, but in case you have still a few free traders in your vicinity who need proof, the following facts concerning out exports to Canada for the first eleven months of the fiscal year 1897, when the Wilson tariff law was in effect, and for the first eleven months of the fiscal year 1898, under the Dingley tariff law, are given. During the former period we sold Canada $37,370,825 worth of goods, and during the latter period, $46,251,228, a difference in favor of protection of nearly a million dollars a month.

Lieut. Hobson, who is in Washington in connection with the work of trying to save some of the ships of Cervera's fleet, was most warmly received by the president, members of the cabinet, his own personal friends, and the public at large.

The delivery of war bonds began today, the denomination of $20 and of $500 being the first sent out. The delivery will be continued as fast as the Bureau of Engraving and Printing can get them to the Treasury. They are sent to purchasers by express.

The Republican primary election will be held Saturday afternoon and evening Aug., 13, to elect delegates to meet in the Court house in Bellefonte Tuesday Aug., 16, at 11 a. m. to place in nomination one person for congressman to represent the Twenty-eighth congressional district composed of Clarion, Clearfield, Centre, Forest and Elk counties; also one person for State senator, to represent the Thirty-fourth Senatorial district, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton; two persons for the legislature; one person for prothonotary; one person for district attorney, and one person for county surveyor. A county chairman will also be selected. The total number of delegates to be elected at the primaries is 125; necessary for a choice of candidates in the county convention, 63.

Has Peace in View

MADRID, July 25.—The chiefs of the Carlist organization are leaving Spain.

Miss Jessie Schley, delegate from the peace society of Paris, has arrived at Madrid with the intention, it is asserted, of interviewing members of the cabinet with a "humanitarian object."

[Miss Jessie Schley, referred to in the foregoing dispatch, is the daughter of Charles Schley, of Milwaukee, who is a cousin of Commodore Schley. She is a member of the Daughters of the Revolution. It was announced from Paris last week that she was about to start for Madrid to see the queen regent and Senor Sagasta with a view of bringing about peace and then to proceed to Washington to visit President McKinley in the same interest.

Last Friday the Milwaukee Sentinel announced that Miss Schley's father, on learning of his daughter's intention, had instructed her to return home immediately disapproving of her course and excusing it as the result of a warm, sympathetic nature and a special enthusiasm for philanthropic movements.

Died at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Thompson, an aged lady, died on Wednesday July 20 at Jacksonville, of paralysis. The funeral took place on Friday. Services at the house at 8.30; a. m.: interment at Meyer's cemetery, Buffalo Run.

HARD TO COMBAT.

The Evidence of our Senses—What Bellefonte People say is Pretty Good Proof for Bellefonte Citizens.

When we use it ourselves.
When our own ears hear it.
When our neighbors tell it.
Our friends endorse it.
No better evidence can be had.
It's not what people say in Maine.
Or distant mutterings from California.
No deceiving echoes here.
Bellefonte talks about Bellefonte people.
Public opinion published for public good.
There is no proof like home proof.
Home testimony at the back of every box of
Doan's Kidney Pills.
Can you believe your neighbors?
Read this statement made by a citizen:

Mrs. J. Cowher, of Bishop street says—"Last spring and summer, 1897, I was very bad with my head and back. I suffured pains in both and was very restless nights, besides being so tired all the time that I could hardly drag myself about. I was very lame across my kidneys and bending over or being on my feet much was extremely painful. Reading about Doan's Kidney Pills and seeing them so highly recommended for these troubles I procured them from F. Potts Green's drug store. They gave me positive relief, caused me to sleep well, stopped the pains, removed the lameness and invigorated me generally. I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to my acquaintances whenever opportunity occurs for my own experience with them warrants it.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

OUR FUTURE POLICY!

A National Conference to Meet at Saratoga.

OBJECTS OF THE MEETING

Shall the Foreign Policy of Our "Fathers" be Adhered to or Will We Branch Out Into Other Fields.

MANY PROMINENT MEN SIGN

CHICAGO, July 25.—The Civic Federation of Chicago last night called for a national conference to be held at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., August 19 and 20, to discuss the future policy of the United States. The call is signed by over 1,000 representative men from every state in the union. The call says:

"The undersigned deem it desirable that a national conference be convened at an early day to consider the future foreign policy of the United States. The war with Spain gives promise of the overthrow of Spanish power in Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines and the other of the countries of the colonial possessions. The questions of what disposition tho United States should make of these possessions when peace is reached is none too soon in engaging the thoughts of our people. This question impresses us as being one of the most serious the American people have had to consider. It is a new question and one upon which heretofore very little thought has been given by the great majority of the people. Whether the foreign policy of the 'fathers' should be adhered to or departed from, is enough to challenge the most serious consideration of our ablest and most thoughtful men. In our opinion this conference should be composed of men from all parts of the country without regard to party affiliation and irrespective of whether they are for or against a policy of territorial expansion, and men whose ability, position and character entitle their opinions to the respectful consideration of the people."

The circular letter sent out by Chairman Henry Wade Rodgers and Secretary Ralph M. Easley, asking for signatures stated that neither the genesis or conduct of the war would be discussed nor any political cast be given, the object being entirely educational. The responses were prominent and enthusiastic. The signers consist of governors, mayors, presidents of boards of trades, presidents of colleges, lawyers, presidents of banks, labor leaders, leading clergymen and manufacturers. While only individual names were asked for a great many organizations authorized their presidents to sign officially. Among the signatures of Pennsylvanians are the following:

Philadelphia, John H. Converse, J. F. McBride, secretary National Labor organization; Pittsburg, Geo. Kelly, vice president chamber of commerce; Erie, Robert Saltsman, mayor; Harrisburg, Edward W. Bailey; Williamsport, James Mansel, mayor; Carlisle, George E. Reed, president Dickinson college; Reading Jacob Weidel, mayor.

Among other signatures are those of ex-Governor Bracket of Massachusetts; Franklin Carter, president Williams college; New York, Carl Schurz, Chancellor MacCracken, New York university; Bishop Potter Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; President Raymond, Union college.

The Chicago signatures include H. N. Higinbothom, Melville E. Stone, F. R. Peck, United States commissioner to Paris exposition; William R. Harper, president Chicago university; Henery Wade Rogers, president Northwestern university.

A committee on arrangements, consisting of representative men in different parts of the country and representing different phrases of the questions to be discussed, will be announced in a few days.

Gen. John S. William, ex-United States senator from Kentucky and a hero of the Mexican and civil wars, died near Mt. Sterling, Ky.

THE FLAG SHALL STAY.

The United States did not enter upon the war with Spain for the purpose of expanding its territories. The purpose as accurately stated by President McKinley, was to terminate a condition of affairs in Cuba that was insufferable to the American people, without further designs on Spanish possessions. That purpose still remains though Admiral Dewey in a few hours changed all the conditions of its accomplishment and the character of remuneration for the enormous expenses incurred. The American flag now flies over the Philippines, the Ladrones, and Cuba, and soon will float from the castle walls of San Juan de Porto Rico. Cuba will be given over to the patriots who have so long struggled for its freedom, but Porto Rico, the Philippines and the Ladrones will be retained as indemnity. This is determined by the great majority of the American people whose will is the law of the land, and cannot be set aside by the small minority which would haul our flag down after peace is declared. The United States did not declare a war of conquest, but it has acquired territories and is going to keep them.

Perhaps the case has been no more forcibly stated than by Senator Teller of Colorado, when he said:

"I believe that wherever our flag flies by right of conquest or by the consent of the people who will let it be put up, there it will remain, and the party or the men who propose to take it down will have to reckon with the great body of the American people, who believe that it is the best flag and the best government, better calculated to bring peace and prosperity than any other flag or government under the sky."

The men who would haul down the American flag will fall back from the Ladrones, upon the Philippines, thence upon Porto Rico, but as Senator Teller says, they will have to reckon with the great body of the American people. They may form a party, adopt resolutions and resort to obstructive tactics to haul down the flag, but they will call down upon themselves the maledictions of such a majority as will bury them clear out of sight. They will find themselves as lonesome as the "copperheads" did during the war. Indeed, they will sooner or later be dubbed "the modern copperheads" and their hisses at American progress will be drowned by the cheers of the great body of loyal citizens who know they are right in demanding full indemnity in territory since money from Spain cannot be forthcoming, for the expenses incurred in a war for as just a cause as as ever led a nation to arms.—Grit.

The Dog Days Are With Us.

The dog days, a season of the year about which considerable is said, and of which there are many superstitions over which timid people tremble, commenced on Saturday, 9th, and will last forty days. The rising and setting of "Sirius," or the dog star, with the sun, has been universally regarded as the cause of the excessive heat that prevails generally at this particular season. The poor dogs, that are made to bear the infamy of the source of our discomfort are perhaps, allied in some manner to the extreme heat of the interval, but they, as well as human beings, share alike the afflictions which are at this time common. Dogs at this season are supposed to be more susceptible to rabies, and going mad, than at any other time, although there is no perceptible difference between the present condition of the sun and what it is at any other times in summer.

The Fifth's Camp Fairly Afloat With Black Mud.

CAMP THOMAS, Chickamauga, Ga., July 27.—Monday the Fifth Pennsylvania's camp was fairly afloat in black, clinging mud. It is already deep in mud and the heavy rains of Monday made it tenfold worse, and the camp has a sickening, unwholesome atmosphere. The regiment has for some time had filed a request to move its camp, owing to the very discomforting topography of the present site.

Six fresh cases of typhoid fever were reported in the Fifth.

Colonel Burchfield and staff, of the Fifth Pennsylvania, were photographed Monday.

To Transport Prisoners.

Cadiz, July 27.—Four steamships are in readiness to sail to Santiago to transport a portion of the surrendered troops to Spain.

Gibraltar, July 27.—It is reported that papers have been issued by the American consul to two steamers of the trans-Atlantic line, giving them safe conduct to Spain the prisoners of war at Santiago.

The French fleet was sighted Sunday off Cape Trafalgar.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Billousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Scrofulous Humor

Blood in Terrible Condition and All Run Down in Health—Has Become Strong and Healthy.

"I was all run down, blood in terrible condition and I was troubled with a severe scrofulous humor which caused me great suffering. I took medicine for a long time, but received no permanent benefit. At this time I was working in a general store, and I thought I would look over the medicines and see if I could find something that would hit my case. I read an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. The first bottle helped me wonderfully and I continued its use until I had taken nine bottles. By this time I felt like a new man, and since then have not been sick a day. I am now strong and healthy and I have such confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla that I recommend it as the best medicine on earth." JOHN J. LITTLE, Munnsville, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1, six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

Camara is a noble Don
Who sails the raging main,
He sailed his fleet to Suez gates,
Then sailed it back again;
And if he times his sailing right,
With his proud Spanish fleet,
He stands a show to soon become
Commodore Watson's meat.

Was Stealing a Ride.

At Williamsport Friday 8 year-old James Frisby, colored, was stealing a ride on the rear end of a loaded ice wagon. As the vehicle moved on to a crossing, a cake of ice weighing over 100 pounds was dislodged and struck the boy. The child was knocked off the wagon, and the cake of ice fell on his stomach. When picked up the boy was bleeding at the mouth and nose. He died shortly after, having been internally injured.

Snake's Deadly Bite.

William Dougherty, of Hammersley's Forks, who was residing with his brother, Joseph, on Tuesday night slept in the barn on a bed of straw. The next morning a boy, who had slept with him, called him, but the man was unconscious. The boy summoned assistance, and, on making an examination, it was found that the man had been bitten on the forehead by a rattlesnake. Mr. Dougherty died about 8 o'clock from the effects of the poisonous bite. His remains were interred in McCoy's cemetery. Deceased was about 65 years old, and was an old soldier. He had recently been granted a pension, receiving $500 back pay.

When Tots Toe in.

The little tots who are inclined to "toe in" when they begin to walk can have this fault quickly rectified if attended to in time. The mother or nurse should rub (at least twice a day) the outer side of the legs with a firm upward stroke. This can be done regularly when putting baby to bed, and at such other times when convenient. When the little one climbs into your lap for a cradle or a story is a good time. Hold the little foot in your hand in the correct position. Recollect, do not rub down, and do not rub on the inner side of the leg. The object is to nourish and strengthen the outer muscles, which are proportionately weak. Begin below the ankle, and rub to the knees slowly and quietly, but not too lightly. This treatment faithfully persevered in will soon correct the trouble.

No Need for Night Shirts

There seems to be a plethora of night shirts at Camp Thomas. A volunteer says in a letter to a Western paper: "If the women want to do something for the soldiers let them send best wishes, but beg of them by all means to keep their night shirts at home. A real soldier has less use for nightshirts and umbrellas than a brown pig has for a mustache. We would be compelled to wash night shirts, and we are full up on fatigue and police duty already.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 27th day of July, 1898, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of August, being the 22nd day of August, 1898, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 22nd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 27th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1898, and the one hundred and twenty-second year of the independence of the United States. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

ENLISTED FOR THE WAR

A Remarkable Meeting of the Republican State Committee.

ALL FACTIONS AND NO FACTION.

The Republican Party Is Lined Up Shoulder to Shoulder With An Enthusiasm Unknown For Years—Unusual Interest of National Leaders at Washington in Colonel Stone's Majority.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, July 26.—It is the custom to speak of political gatherings as "harmonious," unless there is something like an open disturbance, but the meeting of the Republican state committee here was much more than this.

It was a visible and unmistakable notice to all observing persons that whatever has been in the past or may be in store for the future of rivalries within the party, there is room for only one kind of Republicans in Pennsylvania this year. The primary occasion of the meeting was to name a Republican candidate for judge of the superior court, to succeed the late Judge Wickham. The position was conceded to western Pennsylvania, as Judge Wickham was from Beaver county, and the superior court bench is otherwise heavily tilted toward the east, he having been the only member who could see the sun set behind the Allegheny mountains.

The selection of Common Pleas Judge William David Porter, of Allegheny county, by Governor Hastings, for the temporary appointment, had clearly indicated him as the likely nominee, and so there was no room for thrilling excitement in connection with the distinct business for which the state committee was called together.

Yet, instead of the perfunctory gathering of a mere quorum, it was the best and most representative meeting of the committee that has been held for years. Chairman Elkin, in his unusually happy opening remarks, fairly rang the keynote of the meeting when he congratulated those present on the comprehensive character of the assemblage, and said that in selecting the executive committee for the conduct of the campaign, he had endeavored to include men of "all factions and of no faction."

Of the recent chairmen of the state committee, Quay was the only absentee. Cooper, "the golden haired angel of reconciliation," looking older since he has shifted his ambitions toward congressional politics, exchanged congratulations with Andrews, who succeeded him in the chairmanship. Gilkeson, who was the central figure ex-officio of the civil war of '95, sat within ten feet of ex-Congressman Robinson, who took a most conspicuous part against him in the final acts of that dramatic struggle, while General Frank Reeder, another ex-state chairman and never more popular in the fighting line of the party than since he followed the flag of party loyalty out of public office, sat side by side with George M. Van Bonnhorst, who is next friend to Chris Magee.

Then there was Magee himself, nominating Judge Porter, who had been chairman of the Republican county committee which faithfully supported Delamater in 1890, and Porter's nomination was made unanimous on the motion of Judge Henderson, of Crawford county, who was defeated for nomination to the supreme bench by Judge Dean, and chiefly through Magee's efforts in the state convention.

As the names of the executive committe were announced from the platform every syllable was cheered. It was recognized upon the instant that when such men of prominence in the old interfactional fights as Congressman Connell, of Scranton, who is a representation of the most trusted leadership of the party; Senator Magee, who has the heart of the party with him in Pittsburg; Lieutenant Governor Lyon and ex-Postmaster James S. McKean, of the same county, who have never before been on the same side of the party street with Magee; Senator Durham and Charles F. Kindred, of Philadelphia, side by side with David H. Lane, who, although a loyal friend of David Martin, has been untiring in his efforts to promote the harmonious union of all sorts of Republicans which was demonstrated at this meeting; Horatio B. Hackett, who is as close to Martin as an undershirt; and W. J. Scott, who was for Wanamaker so long as there was room in the Republican party for a Republican to be for Wanamaker—when such men as these were named as the men who were to be trusted with the advisory conduct of the campaign in co-operation with the state chairman it was notice to whom it may concern that Pennsylvania Republicans are enlisted for the war, and that there is once more a common party front.

Judge William David Porter, the nominee for supreme court judge, by the way, is deserving of more than a passing mention. His brother, George McC. Porter, took a prominent part in the creation of the war state of West Virginia, and was speaker of its first house of delegates. Although a western Pennsylvanian, he is a graduate of the law department of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, having been a student under the lamented Sharswood. After two terms in the office of district attorney, although he had been chairman of the Republican county committee which carried Allegheny county against Pattison, the sentiment of the bar was so vigorously for him that Governor Pattison appointed him to a seat on the common pleas bench, and he was nominated for re-election by both the Republican and Democratic parties on the expiration of his appointive term.

He has shown himself a strong man on the bench, and his elevation to the superior court has been generally commended.

To those who have not closely followed Colonel Stone's career in congress, it may be a surprise to know the warm interest which his fellow members take in his gubernatorial candidacy. Here, for instance, are extracts from two letters which State Chairman Elkin has received from well known Republican leaders, who recognize the national importance of this election in Republican states like Pennsylvania. This is from Speaker Reed:

" * * * I do not know [illegible] or the liberty to say anything in commendation of Colonel Stone. He has been in congress. He is able, competent and has attended to his business here in a manner which reflects credit upon his constituency."

The brilliant senior senator from the president's state, Joseph B. Foraker, writes:

"The Republicans of Pennsylvania are to be congratulated on their good fortune in having such a splendid candidate for governor. William A. Stone is a typical representative of the best type of Republicanism. In congress he is universally esteemed for his many good qualities as a man and as an American. He is a most worthy leader at this particular time. His abilities meet the requirements of the period, and I predict for him and the Republicans of your state a triumphant victory in November."

And these are only samples of scores of similar letters from national leaders.

GEORGE H. WELSHONS.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Stop drugging yourself with quack nostrums or cures. Get a well-known pharmaceutical remedy that will do the work. Catarrh and cold in the head will not cause suffering if Ely's Cream Balm is used. Druggists will supply 10c. trial size or 50c. full size. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren st., N.Y. City.

Rev. John Reid, jr., of Great Falls Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

Axe Mann Notes No. 2.

Mr. George Chapman and family are visiting friends at Patton this week.

Harold the little ten month old son of Mr. Austin Johnson died of Cholera infantum. Services were held in the M. E. church at Axe Mann by Rev. Williams. Interment in the Lutheran Cemetery at Pleasant Gap on Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

Messrs. E. E. Brown and M. S. Lucas returned home last Friday after a long visit to Punxsutawney and Dubois.

Mrs. Geo. Glenn is spending several weeks with relatives at Woodward.

Miss Lottie White a pleasant young lady of Milesburg is visiting friends in our town this week.

The work on the new telephone line is being pushed very rapidly through our town. The poles are up and ready for the wires.

Miss Blanche Kaup is visiting relatives at Oak Hall this week.

Samuel Griffith left for "the west" last week.

Our farmers are very busy threshing at present. They report a pretty good turn out.

The picnic which was to be held this Thursday, by the Union Sunday school, has been postponed until the latter part of August.

Mrs. Mary Hughes of Lewistown is visiting relatives in our town at present.

Mr. Thomas Weaver and wife returned home from Williamsport, where Mrs. Weaver was receiving treatment for her eyes at the hospital.

Leonard the little son of Elias Breon is sick at this writing with Cholera infantum.

Rev. Williams preached a very good sermon to a large congregation in the M. E. church on Sunday evening.

Griner Taken to Eastern Penitentiary

WILKSBARRE, Pa., July 27.—Jas. R. Griner, ex-member of the legislature, convicted of the murder of his step daughter and sentenced to the Eastern Penitentary, was taken to Philadelphia Tuesday by Sheriff Martin. It is understood that a movement is already on foot to secure Griner's pardon, on the ground that he was insane when he committed the deed.

Afraid of a Bottle

Admiral Camara evidently believe that the only reliable way to keep from being bottled by the American fleet is to avoid getting into the same ocean with it.—Washington Star.

Spain at Last Entreats for Peace.

(Continued from first page.)

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 26.—The war department was busied yesterday hurrying the dispatch of the remainder of Miles' expedition against Porto Rico. Such progress has been made that it is hoped all of the troops will be on Porto Rican soil within a week at latest. Gen. Miles is not expected to defer his landing until that time, but presumably will pick out a suitable place for encamping his troops and establish himself ashore awaiting the arrival of the other detachments now on their way.

War department officials stated yesterday they expect the first news received from Gen. Miles will come through the press dispatches, as the general has not with him, so far as is known, any dispatch boats.

It will be at least Saturday before direct cable communication can be established with him, and in the meantime reliance must be had on the dispatch boats running across to St. Thomas, distant about 4 hours' run. It was expected at the department that Gen. Brooke and Gen. Haines would sail yesterday from Newport News to join Miles and that most of Gen. Brooke's command would be embarked by Wednesday. The work of embarkation at Hampton Roads is being conducted with much less difficulty and delay than was expected. Col. Hecker, in charge of the transportation division of the war department, who has just returned from that place, has reported to Secretary Alger that it is eminently suited to the shipment of the troops. Consequently the Secretary yesterday ordered all of Gen. Grant's brigade, 3,000 men from Chickamauga to Newport News. It is not expected that all of the transports required for their accommodation will have arrived there by the time the soldiers get in, but they will be encamped on suitable ground there and it is believed will be benefited by the change from Chickamauga.

LONDON, July 26.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says four Russian men-of-war have left Port Arthur, and it is supposed their destination is the Philippine islands.

Another special dispatch from Shanghai says the Japanese warships Woshino, Chin-Yen Itsukushima and Sai-Yen have been hastily dispatched to Saiseho (?) to reinforce the Japanese squadron there, making it the strongest in those waters. It has been ordered to co-operate with the British and American admirals in the event of international complications.

While the dispatch does not explain the matter, it is inferred the squadron is desired to be in readiness for Philippine operations.

MADRID, July 26.—It was announced last night that complete tranquillity prevails throughout Spain. The Cuban colonial government, it is also announced, will confer with the representatives of Maximo Gomez, and it is believed that the conference may result in the insurgents espousing the Spanish cause.

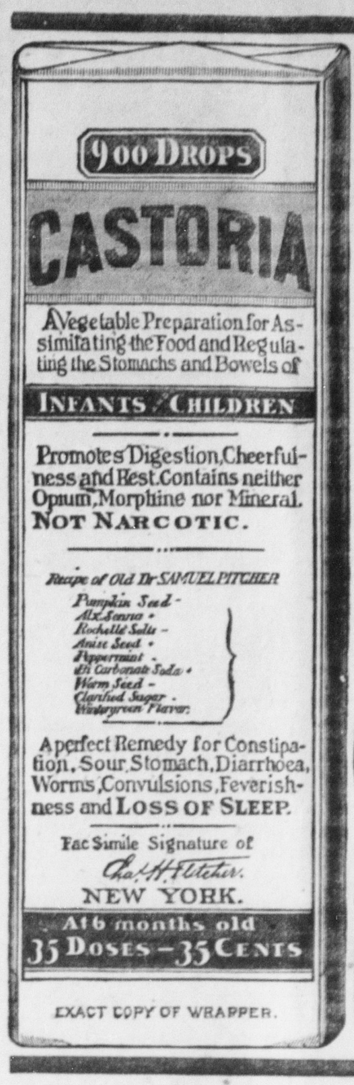
LONDON, July 25—A special dispatch from Madrid says that Gen. Augusti, captain general of the Philippines, has telegraphed to the government as follows:

"The Americans are about to attack Manila. Grave events are impending."

JACKSONVILLE, FLA, July 25.—Lieut. Charles Fritot of the Cuban army of this city, who was a member of the Cuban expedition on the steamer Florida, and who recently returned from Cuba, states that the Florida expedition was met by Gen. Gomez, and that he had a personal talk with the General, in the course of which he said, when asked what message he had for the American people:

"I have only to say," said Gen. Gomez, "that the only man who has anything to say in the direction of matters is Mr. McKinley, and we shall do whatever he says. I have given instructions to all my force to co-operate with the Americans, to whom we are much indebted."

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 25.—It was said at the war department late yesterday that no news can be expected from any official source as to Gen. Miles' movements until to day at the earliest. It is calculated that he arrived last evening or last night at the point on the coast of Porto Rico selected as the rendezvous for all the vessels of the expedition. Whether or not he will undertake to make a landing in advance of the arrival of the whole expedition probably will depend entirely upon conditions as he finds them. Should there be no Spanish force, or at least an inconsiderable one, on the coast, the troops will be landed to relieve them from the disastrous effects of being confined closely on shipboard under a tropical sun. The general has with him sufficient artillery to hold any position he may choose to occupy, supplemented, as this artillery will be, by the guns of his naval convoy. Meanwhile the department is making every effort to hurry along the remainder of the expedition. Some troops are now on their way from Tampa and Charleston and should reach Porto Rico by the middle of the week. Naval officials are assisting actively in getting the troops off, and were engaged yesterday in sending the necessary orders to that end to the commanders of the naval auxiliary vessels which have been placed at the service of the war department. In the course of a day or two the troops brought from Chickamauga by Gen. Brooke will sail from Hampton Roads, where they have been arriving all day, and are ready for the transports. There is a probability that Gen. Miles may be delayed for several days in his landing operations for lack of lighters, but several of these are now on their way and others will be hurried forward as rapidly as possible. However, it may be as to his speedy landing on Porto Rico soil, it will be well along towards the end of this week before the active land campaign can be begun in Porto Rico.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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS / CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CLEARING SALE.

AT

JOSEPH'S,

To Make Room For an Extensive Fall and Winter

STOCK.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

—A singular case has just been decided in the courts at Scranton, according to the Tribune of that city. L. B. Thompson brought suit against Mrs. Joseph Mott, alleging that the latter employed him to take her husband home whenever he became intoxicated for which services Thompson was to receive five dollars for each time. He claimed to have escorted Mott home on eight occasions and was only paid five dollars. The court allowed him his full claim.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	70c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	40c	Buckwheat	20c
Corn, shelled	40c	Cloverseed	
Corn, ears	40c	Crimson Clover	
Oats, old	30c	Seed	$2.00
Oats, new	30		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	07c	Potatoes	75
Country Shoulders	06c	Onions	75
Country Sides	06½	PER DOZEN	
Country Hams	09	Eggs	12c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	12c		

—An Irish priest had labored hard with one of his flock to induce him to give up whiskey. "I tell you, Michael," said the priest, "whiskey is your worst enemy, and you should keep as far away from it as you can." "Me enemy is it Father?" responded Michael, "and it was Your Riverence's self that was tellin' us in the pulpit only last Sunday to love our enemies!" "So I was Michael," rejoined the priest, "but I didn't tell you to swallow them."

IT IS VERY INTERESTING !

The Situation Now Existing in Washington Circles.

MOVEMENTS IN THE PHILIPPINES

Course Taken by Aguinaldo Gives Food for Thought—General Miles Arrives at Mole St. Nicholas.

HOBSON IS NOW IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, July 23.—There were several events of interest and possibly of importance at the war and navy departments yesterday. General Anderson at Cavite sent a message saying that Aguinaldo had declared a dictatorship and martial law over the Philippines, something that gave the cabinet food for consideration at their regular meeting yesterday. There were no disposition to force any issue with the insurgent chief at this time but it is pretty well understood that he will not be allowed to commit the Unted States government in the future treatment of the Philippine question. The visit of the German ambassador to the president and to the secretary of state was a basis for a belief that he had called to make some representation on that subject and perhaps as well on the question of peace as affected by the program laid down by Watson's projected voyage to European waters. If so no official confirmation was obtainable and 'a friendly visit" was the only explanation offered by Secretary Day for the appearance of the German ambassador in the dog days in Washington. The embassy people were no more communicative so that if anything of importance passed during the meeting the president and Dr. Von *Holteben*, it probably will be revealed only in the shape of action later on.

It would not be surprising if it should develope that strong European influences are being brought to bear to dissuade the navy department from dispatching Watson's fleet to Europe. But so far they appear to have been ineffectual, for it is officially stated that the departure of the squadron is only delayed not abandoned.

Although General Miles reported by cable yesterday from Mole St. Nicholas, Hayti, that he was "moving along well" with the first detachment of the military expedition against Porto Rico, the body of his dispatch preceding this statement gave rise at first to the apprehension that, like General Shafter at Santiago, General Miles was threatened with a costly delay in handling his expedition on Porto Rican soil owing to the absence of lighters and tugs. It was said at the war department later that these lighters were on their way from New Orleans and New York, and that no sensible delay would arise on that score. It appears from General Miles' first statement relative to Colonel Hecker that he was not aquainted with the necessity that had arisen for that officer's presence in Washington in order to provide for the speedy transportation to Spain of the troops surrendered at Santiago.

The brief report from Admiral Sampson declaring the success of the expedition to Nipe is really more important than appears on the surface. The bay of Nipe lies on the north coast of Cuba, almost directly across the island from Santiago. It is purposed to establish a base there, which will save at least two days' time in getting supplies into Cuba as compared with the Santiago route. It will also form a good point of operations against Holguin, not far distant, and if it should develope unfortunately that a restraining hand must be laid upon the Cubans themselves, Nipe in connection with Santiago would be an effective means of doing this. The war department has not yet been informed that General Shafter's Cuban allies have quit the American lines for the reasons sent out in a printed letter by General Garcia, but it is scarcely doubted that such is the case, for the friction has been growing more pronounced every day since the fall of Santiago and it is feared that a severence of relations cannot be longer avoided. That the Cuban junta is still hopeful of avoiding such a measure is evidenced by the confidence shown by Senor Quesada, one of the Cuban legation here in an amicable settlement.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Language of Flags.

To "strike the flag" is to lower the national colors in token of submission. Flags are used as the symbol of rank and command, says the School Journal, the officers using them being called flag officers. Such flags are square, to distinguish them from other banners.

A "flag of truce" is a white flag displayed to an enemy to indicate a desire for a parley or consultation.

The white flag is the sign of peace. After a battle parties from both sides often go out to the field to rescue the wounded or bury the dead under the protection of a white flag.

The red flag is the sign of defiance and is often used by revolutions. In our service it is the mark of danger and shows a vessel to be receiving or discharging powder.

The black flag is the sign of piracy. The yellow flag shows a vessel to be at quarantine and is the sign of contagious disease. A flag at half mast means mourning. Fishing and other vessels return with a flag at half mast to announce the loss or death of some of the men. *Dipping* a flag is lowering it slightly and then hoisting it again to salute a vessel or fort.

If the president of the United States goes afloat, the American flag is carried in the bows of his barge or hoisted at the maine of the vessel on board of which he is.

—See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the grapes. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world

A New Fad.

The ring made of a horse shoe nail is the latest fad of the girl who is not superstitious but "never can pass a horse shoe." To be a reliable source of help in time of trouble the nail must be taken from a horse shoe found by the girl herself, and which has been accidentally cast. The nail is taken to a jeweler, who bends the unwieldy metal to fit the middle finger of the left hand, cutting off the superfluous length and leaving the head as a setting for a stone, or merely as a finish. The horse shoe ring is even used as an engagement gift and is the sort of a present a girl likes to make her finance, because the value is in the expression of sentiments. Two horse shoe nails, one found by a girl and the other by her finance, are welded together, bent to fit the wrist and given as an engagement bracelet. In this case a solitairs is set in the head of each nail. It is an awkward uncomfortable ornament, but a fad nevertheless.

Females are Weakly Persons.

At this season should use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Physicians recommend it as a strengthening and blood purifying tonic and the best wine to be obtained.

A Centre County Boy in Kansas.

Will G. Hoffer, a Potter township boy, and who learned the printer's trade in the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN office, has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Sixth district, Kansas. The news will afford great pleasure to the friends of Will in this county, of whom there are scores. We congratulate him on the honor conferred.

Valuable in Changeable Weather.

People are benefited by the use of Speer's Port *Grape* Wine, especially ladies. It purifies the blood and makes their eyes shine like stars.

Oh, But It's Fun!

Editing a newspaper is pretty good fun—sometimes. If a fellow goes down town to look around for a few stray news items, some one is always sure to salute him with "Hello! is loafing all you've got to do?" Or, if we are sitting in the office trying to read proof or get some ideas of news out of our exchanges, somebody comes in and ventures the remark, "I'd like to be an editor and have nothing to do but sit around and read the papers." O, it's easy to wrestle one's brain around and one's think tank to write up a lot of news when there isn't any, and the "devil" yelling in his ear. No wonder an editor grows bald-headed and absent-minded and sometimes cranky.

Let the Fight Take Place.

NEW YORK, July 16:—Articles of agreement for a fight between James Corbett and "Kid" McCoy, the match to take place at Hawthorne Athletic club, of Buffalo, on September 10, were sighed in this city yesterday. *M.* A. Fray sighed for the Hawthorne Athletic club, George F. Considine for Corbett and *W.* B. Gray for Mc Coy. The purse is to be $20,000, the winner to take all.

Stand up for the town you live in.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK

The War Does Not Disturb the State of Work.

SOME GREAT SALES OF IRON

Demands for Structural Forms Keep All the Firms in Operation—Abatement in the Manner of Foreign Needs.

REPORTS FROM VARIOUS PLACES

NEW YORK, July 23.—R. *G* Dun & Co., in their Weekly Review of Trade, will say :

A state of war does not disturb business. But reaction after a phenomenal movement of grain causes relative loss, which many mistake for a decrease in the volume of trade. So much grain has been required and shipped during the past 12 months that a decrease was inevitable, and Granger and Pacific roads show a loss in earnings, even compared with 1892, though not much yet compared with last year.

In the stagnant mid-summer season, with business larger than ever before, the great manufactures nearly all share the gain. Once before, in 1885, the shipments of boots and shoes was larger than this year, but in no other year have shipments in three weeks of July been so large. Print cloth works at Fall River have in part combined to curtail production, but in other branches of the cotton goods trade no such heroic measures appear necessary. There is an increased demand for woolen goods and the number of establishments at work increases.

Iron manufacture seems to be at the verge of another revolution, since Bessemer pig is held by curtailment of production in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys, at $10.25 at Pittsburg, and yet some steel works have made enormous sales of billets, 100,000 tons to the great wire association at prices unknown, 20,000 to various parties at Chicago at $10.75, and 20,000 tons at Pittsburg at $14.75. The demand for structural forms keeps all the works busy and includes for the week 3,500 tons at Chicago in three contracts, and 7,800 at Pittsburg in four others, while the plate mills are everywhere crowded, sheets and bars are both in better demand than heretofore, and the prolonged weakness in cast pipe, which usually requires nearly 700 tons of pig in a year, may presently be cured. Heavy sales of lake copper have filed the price at 11½ cents; tin at 15.55 cents and lead at 3.92½ cents are both a shade weaker.

With abatement of foreign needs and prospects of excellent crops in many foreign countries, wheat has declined during the week three cents in price, notwithstanding exports from Atlantic ports amounting to 1,937,092 bushels (flour included), against 1,516,997 last year, and from Pacific ports 577,755 bushels, against 89,523 last year. Total exports for three weeks have been 7,399,259 bushels (flour included), against 5,-194,496 last year. Corn still goes abroad in astonishing quantity; the price has not changed in spite of the decline in wheat.

Failures for the week have been 207 in the United States, against 221 last year, and 17 in Canada, against 28 last year.

Real Warm Weather Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted Le Roy, N.Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they have ever sold to cure swollen, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel easy It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. Allen's Foot-Ease costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample free to any address.

Colored men are paying taxes on $264,000,000 worth of property in this country, which is a good showing for people who 35 years ago were themselves chattels.

THE A. M. E. CONVENTION.

The Second Day's Session of This Body in Bellefonte.

At the morning session a paper by Miss Marie M. Lancaster, of Tyrone, was read in behalf of one's "Individual responsibility to the Sunday school," of which all members were enthusiastic, and for the interest of those who could not be present I deem it important to publish extracts that all those in Sunday school and other moral institutions might derive some benefit from them. Miss Lancaster began as follows :

"We recognize the Sunday school as our rightful inheritance bequeathed to us from the church of God as the foundation of youthful piety, also a safe guard of our social and religious blessings. While we have the blessings and privileges we also have individual responsibilities. We are individually responsible for the advance and growth of the Sunday school.'

"*How* to develope christian graces in the Sunday school," a paper read by Philipsburg's delegate, Mrs. M. Jackson, began with the declaration that "We are living in an age of development. It has been said that men and women are but 'children of a larger growth.' Since this statement is correct, and cannot be disputed, it is very important that the boys and girls, who will be the men and women of tomorrow, should have special training and encouragement in the christian grace It is not the purpose of this paper to take up all the christian graces and discuss them, but just a few of the important ones."

Notwithstanding the completion of the afternoon program, Muncy was represented by H. L. Smith, with a paper, "The influence of the parents in the Sunday school." The paper illustrated the responsibility which rests so heavily upon the parents in respect to the welfare of their children. No less, indeed more, then for their intellectual training, and if the parents will not heed, the voice of their child like that of Abel will cry unto God, and cause his wrath and anger to abide upon them. The paper treats on the influence necessary to enable the youths to become interested in the school.

These extracts are only hints of facts which are known to everyone who stops to think. Throughout the entire contents of the papers, many important phrases could not be published in respect to Dr. Asbery's address which I esteem worthy of attention. In the true light of the devine gospel of Christ, the honored Rev. C. Asbery addressed the evening assembly that had gathered in behalf of the convention on "The building and the builders." Dr. Asbery began in the following manner:

"We are now living at the dawn of an extraordinary age, near the end of the nineteenth century civilization, and the time is drawing near when Christ our Redeemer will descend from the throne of Jehovah, not as a Saviour but the judge of all mankind. All the institutions that America inherits have been moulded, shaped, and developed through the Church of the living God. I believe most sincerely that the Negro race is a christian nation, our christian institutions, our christian hospitals, a hundred thousand christian churches scattered all over this vast domain, all proclaim to every nation that the negro race is a people whose God is Lord. In walking the ways of the world, in fighting the battles of the right, I find that no success in life can be obtained, no victory can be won, unless your name is written upon the Lamb's book of Life. Though your head may be crowned with thorny troubles now, it shall wear a starry crown directly. Though your hands may be filled with cares, they shall grasp a harp, a harp of music. Adjournment.

CARD OF THANKS.

We the delegates and members give thanks to the colored citizens of Bellefonte for the pleasant time we have through them been able to enjoy, also the entertainment after the session is one long to be remembered. H. L. S.

Closing Session of the A. M. E. Convention.

The annual session of the A. *M.* E. Sunday School brought to completion its grand convention Thursday evening with credit to itself and glory to the rising generation. Due credit was given to Robert Stewart, of this place, in regard to the artistic paper "Self-restraint," which he read with justice to himself and gratitude of the convention. *Mr.* Stewart is a distinguished young man of Bellefonte, and has labored diligently in behalf of the Sunday school. Other papers were also read : "The Benefit to be derived from the Study of the Lesson," by *Miss* Hannah B. Russell, of Williamsport, and "The Principles of Sunday School Bible Study," by *Miss* Emily Lee, of Scranton.

In the evening Rev. A. Smothers, of Tyrone, addressed the delegates and members on the subject, "Industry and Economy." He said in part: As the light has come and the clouds have broken away it is beyond one's comprehension to realize the progress and advancement of the Afro-American. For every great and noble man or woman the Anglo-Saxon race can produce, our race can produce one as great; for every composition they can publish, our race can publish one as great; our race has intellectual and moral development yet to be brought to view which, if not the same as that of the Anglo-Saxon, will prove to be morally a further degree of perfection.

May the honored members now return to their own homes and enter upon their life-work loyal to the cause of Christ and their own household of faith.

Resolutions Adopted at the Recent A. M. E. Sunday School Convention in this Place.

We your committee on Resolutions, beg leave to submit the following:

WHEREAS *God* in his goodness and mercy has again permitted us to assemble in this the 19th annual session of our S. S. Institute for the purpose of hearing or learning and formulating better methods for carrying on the work of God.

WHEREAS. The people of Bellefonte have so greatly entertained us we recognize the broad heartness.

WHEREAS. We have been made to feel that we are welcome and realize that they willingly opened and accorded us the privilege of their homes.

Therefore be it Resolved. That we extend to them our heartfelt appreciation for their kindness extended us as members of this Institute.

Resolved. That we feel ever grateful to the pastor of this Church, Rev. C. N. Woodson, wife and officers and members for their earnest labor and interest manifested.

Resolved. That we feel indebted to the choir who so kindly rendered such soul stiring music during our sessions.

Resolved. That we thankfully appreciate the efficient labor of the secretaries for the manner in which they recorded the business of the Institute.

Resolved. That whereas we recognize the arduous and untiring efforts and zeal of our presiding officer, Rev. W. H. Brown and to him is largely due the success of this convention and taking into consideration the labors of his position.

Resolved That we extend to him our heartfelt thanks and esteem him highly for the very able and instructive manner in which he has presided over our convention.

Resolved That we highly appreciate the annual address of Rev. W. H. Brown, President of our Convention, and that we commend his suggestions and instructions which we believe are for our advancement and our good and that we shall go away better prepared to put them in to practical use in our lives.

Resolved That the members of this Convention return thanks to the Editor of the Bellefonte DAILY NEWS for his full and unbiased publication of the different sessions of our Convention

Dr. C. Asbury,
Rev. A. Smothers,
Miss Anna Cameron,
Rev. C. N. Woodson,
Rev. Charles Butts.

WHEREAS. We are in the midst of a conflict between the United States and Spain and whereas we believe that the oppression of the Island of Cuba by the Spanish government should receive the condemnation of the whole civilized world and whereas Cuba is so near the shores of our own Country that we cannot fail to listen to her cry and sympathize with her in her revolt against oppression and her strike for liberty.

Resolved. That we endorse the action of Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in declaring war between the United States government and the government of Spain.

Resolved. That we endorse and highly commend the policy of President William McKinley as Commander in Chief and the army and navy of our Country and we regard him as a wise head and a safe leader of this great nation.

MEMOIRS REPORT.

Mr. President, and members of the Institute we your committee beg leave to submit the following report. All Christain departments have their martyrs. The scenes and circumstances as a rule always vary, the spirit of Sacrifice is always the same devotion to God who purchased us with his ever precious blood and love for souls that die. There has been six deaths in our District during the year. Mr. Taylor Thomas, Tyrone, Miss Cora Johnson and Mrs. Alice Dangerfield Altoona; Miss Gusie Wilson, Mr. Robert Butler, Lock Haven; Miss Clara Norman, Wilkesbarre, who were all devoted workers in the S. S., where they resided.

Resolved. That we shall ever honor and keep in memory the above named persons as efficient workers of the Sunday School and that our sympathy be extended to all the relatives in their bereavement.

H. L. Smith,
Robert Stewart,
Miss Freeman,
Ella Snyder, Chairman,
L. S. Taylor, Curwensville.

TEMPERANCE REPORT.

Resolved. That this S. S. Convention is strongly opposed to every feature of intemperance and that we do hereby pledge ourselves to oppose the use of all kinds of intoxicating drinks as a beverage in every reasonable way and that we also, believe the use of tobacco in any form to be out of harmony with the teaching of our Holy religion and that we should therefore discourage it's use.

Resolved. That we highly commend the work of the W. C. T. U., the National Temperance League and other simular organizations.

Resolved. That it is the opinion of this convention that Temperance organizations should be effected in all our schools.

Resolved that intemperance as we have heard of mischief being done among the soldier's in the army of the United States by means of what is known as the canteen system and as we believe this system to be demoralizing and injurious to our brave boys who have laid themselves in their country's altar for our country's honor we do hereby condemn this injurious system.

D. C. Johnson,
C. N. Woodson,
M. S. Jones.

The two most critical times in a woman's life are the times which make the girl a woman and the woman mother. At these times, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is of incalculable value. It strengthens and invigorates the organs distinctly feminine, promotes regularity of the functions allays irritation and inflammation, checks unnatural drain, and puts the whole delicate organism into perfect condition. Almost all the ills are traceable to some form of what is known as "female complaint." There are not three cases in a hundred of woman's peculiar disease that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will not cure.

Wounded At Santiago.

Among those wounded in the siege at Santiago, Cuba, recently was a Centre County boy, George Dillet, who is one of the United State regulars. He is a son of W. W. Dillet, of Centre Hall. The young man had been in the 17th U. S. infantry for the past three years and his enlistment expired July 1st. His parents received a letter from him stating that he had been taken to the hospital, at Brooklyn, N.Y., but the nature of his wounds is not known, only that he would soon recover.—Bellefonte Democrat.

Does Baby Thrive?

If your baby is delicate and sickly and its food does not nourish it, put fifteen or twenty drops of Scott's Emulsion in its bottle three or four times a day and you will see a marked change.

We have had abundant proof that they will thrive on this emulsion when other food fails to nourish them.

It is the same with larger children that are delicate. Scott's Emulsion seems to be the element lacking in their food. Do not fail to try it if your children do not thrive. It is as useful for them in summer as in winter.

Ask your doctor if this is not true.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

A BUBBLE BURST

Like That of the South Sea It Quickly Explodes.

REGARDING THE BAKER'S HEIRS

Even Lawyers Like Truthful Men See Nothing but Litigation and Very Little Likely to Come from Such a Procedure.

SOME GOOD ADVICE IS GIVEN

PITTSBURG, July 22.—In connection with the report that $10,000,000 is ready to be distributed among the Baker heirs the following abstract from the adverse report made to the Beaver, Pa., contingent of the "Baker's Heirs association" will be of interest.

The report is made by W. H. H. Thompson and Charles R. Eckert, who spent considerable time in Philadelphia investigating the matter.

The report says:

"In connection and co-operation with Attorney F. M. Stoner and B. M. Ewing, of Pittsburg, representing certain of the Baker heirs, we made a very careful search of all the records in the county of Philadelphia which might in any way throw light upon the estate in question. We were greatly assisted by H. J. Miller an attorney of Chicago, who claims himself to be in the line of inheritance, and who, for a money consideration which we paid him, laid before us the result of his search, extending over many months.

"We were directed by you to turn attention more particularly to an estate in lands which was said to be held under lease for 99 years, which lease had not long ago expired, and also to an alleged fund held somewhere in trust for the Baker heirs and which had accumulated for a long period of time.

"As to the latter we may say that we find no reference or record anywhere indicating the creation of existence of any such trust fund. Since our return from Philadelphia we learned from Mr. Miller that certain old claims held by Henry Baker had been paid into court to pay the satisfaction of the heirs.

Messrs. Stoner and Ewing have since gone to Philadelphia to investigate this particular matter, and find that instead of the money having been paid into court the claims were satisfied by proceedings under the act of assembly to have them satisfied of record.

As to the alleged lease, there is no lease of lands in any of Bakers' names justifying in any way the numerous reports which have been published in relation thereto."

The Baker heirs are scattered all over the United States and Canada and considerable interest is everywhere manifest in the course of investigation. The conclusions of Messrs. Thompson, Eckert, Stoner and Ewing, co-operating in the investigation, but proceeding on independent lines in the matter of their employment practically establish that a number of persons scattered over this Broad Land are harboring a delusion in the matter of coming into possession of a considerable section of the city of brotherly love or fingering millions of its dollars.

CHURCH RE-OPENED.

The United Evangelical Congregation of Centre Hall Re-Open Their Church.

The United Evangelical congregation of Centre Hall, some few months ago purchased the church formerly belonging to the Evangelical Association at a cost of $400, and after remodeling and painting, July 17th was set for the re-opening of the same.

Bishop R. Dubs, D. D. LL. D., of Chicago, was present and preached two masterly sermons, morning and evening. The people of Centre Hall responded nobly to the call of the Bishop for $425.00; $357.00 was raised.

The church is now finished in good style; a new red oak pulpit and choir platform has taken the place of the old one. A new modern pulpit built all of red quartered oak, by the pastor, worth $40.00, was presented by him to the congregation; new lamps were placed in the chandeliers, and spring weights were placed in the windows.

Prof. F. Smith's choir rendered several fine anthems. The music was all well rendered. The congregation can congratulate themselves on having the largest number of professional singers in town, and Pastor Rhoads no doubt rejoices that he has a spacious room in which he can dispense the gospel.

Rev. A. E. Gobble, D. D., president of the Central Pennsylvania college; C. H. Goodling, of Bellefonte, and J. J. Lohr, of Millheim, were present and rendered valuable service.—Reporter.

Commodore Schley.

The following interesting sketch of Commodore Schley is from the Reformed Church Messenger, the facts having been learned by that paper from Rev. Dr. E. R. Eschbach, of the Evangelical Reformed church of Frederick, Md.:

"Winfield Scott Schley is the son of John T. and Georgiana Schley. He was born May 20, 1837, and was baptized June 22, 1839, by Reverend Zacharias, then pastor of the Reformed church at Frederick, of which his parents were communicant members. They lived on their farm several miles north of Frederick until Scott was thirteen years of age when they moved into town. The Commodore's birthright and allegiance are in the Reformed church; his name stands on our records. By all who know him he is considered a splendid fellow, modest as he is brave and capable. It is with a great deal of pride the church people of Frederick refer to him as a member of the Reformed church."

Has Lost His Eye-sight.

Mr. Henry Comer, of Milesburg, returned Wednesday evening from Philadelphia. For the past three months he has been in the Pennsylvania hospital having one of his eyes operated on by one of the most skilled oculists in the country. The operation, we are sorry to state, was not successful and Mr. Comer is almost totally blind. He lost the sight of the other eye about a year ago through an attack of erysipelas. On his return trip home he was placed on the train under the care of the conductor as far as Columbia, where he was met by his sister-in-law, Mrs. Samuel Comer, of Littlestown, Adams county, who accompanied him to Milesburg and will spend a few weeks visiting him.

SKILL OF DOCTORS TESTED.

Fifteen Years of Suffering.

"I thought I should surely die."

When the stomach begins to fail in its duties, other organs speedily become affected in sympathy, and life is simply a burden almost unbearable. Indigestion and dyspepsia are so common that only the sufferer from these diseases knows the possibilities of misery that inhere in them. A typical example of the sufferings of the victim of indigestion is furnished in the case of John C. Pritchard. He went on for fifteen years, from bad to worse. In spite of doctors he grew constantly weaker, and thought he would die. He got well, however, and thus relates his experience:

"For fifteen years I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver, and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible sufferings of dyspepsia as Dr. Ayer's Pills."—JOHN C. PRITCHARD, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

This case is not extraordinary, either in the severity of the disease or the prompt and perfect cure performed by Dr. Ayer's Pills. Similar results occur in every case where Dr. Ayer's Pills are used. "They helped me right away" is the common expression of those who have used them. Here is another testimony to the truth of this statement:

"I formerly suffered from indigestion and weakness of the stomach, but since I began the use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills, I have the appetite of the farmer's boy. I am 46 years of age, and recommend all who wish to be free from dyspepsia to take one of Dr. Ayer's Pills after dinner, till their digestive organs are in good order."—WM. STEINKE, Grant, Neb.

Dr. Ayer's Pills offer the surest and swiftest relief from constipation and all its attendant ills. They cure dizziness, nausea, heartburn, palpitation, bad breath, coated tongue, nervousness, sleeplessness, biliousness, and a score of other affections that are, after all, only the signs of a more deep rooted disease. You can find more information about Dr. Ayer's Pills, and the diseases they have cured, in Ayer's Curebook, a story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WATSON'S BOLD MISSION TO SPAIN!

Not to Bombard Cities But to Put an End To Camara's Fleet.

PROBLEM FOR UNCLE SAM.

Havana Will Follow Porto Rico And We May be Years In Cuba—Havana A Pesthole of Yellow Fever.

GOVERNMENT OF CONQUESTED LANDS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23.—A significant statement was made to the Associated Press yesterday by a gentleman in a position to speak with knowledge and authority as to the plans of the administration with reference to future war operations. In substance the statement was as follows:

"Commodore Watson, in proceeding to the Spanish peninsula as soon as the Porto Rican expedition is gotten under way, is not to bombard the cities on the Spanish coast. No such idea of bombardment of the coast is entertained. While there may be other incidental purposes, the main mission of Watson is to take care of Admiral Camara's fleet. The movement of this against the fears and apprehensions caused by reports concerning it are to be stopped for all time. The ships under Camara will be located by Watson and finally met and engaged. The talk occasionally indulged in as to the Canary islands is utterly without foundation. The government has no plan to take those islands and does not want them.

"Despite popular expectations that Porto Rico operations will be followed immediately by action against Havana, it can be said that Havana will not be attacked while yellow fever conditions exist. This is certain. It would be the height of national folly to engage our troops in and about that fever pesthole. Consequently it will be left until the climate lends its aid in the autumn.

"Meantime in the next two months there will be enough to keep this government busy. We will have to cope with the most serious problem yet, of providing for the government and the future of the lands involved in this war. The hauling down of the Spanish flag and the hoisting of that of the United States means more than on its face it indicates to the pupular mind. No more important matter is to engage the attention of the government than the details to be arranged for the disposition, control or temporary possession of these additions to our domain. There are questions of the most intricate and far-reaching character to be decided. Porto Rico, whose fall is likely to be recorded within a week or ten days, will have to have a military government. Porto Rico, of course, is to be kept permanently by this government, but there must be a military government first and many preliminary details will have to be worked out. There must be a rehabilitation of existing systems of government where we have carried our arms, and while local schemes and conditions will form the basis of the general system for the control of the land, there must be numerous changes, abolishing such laws as may be oppressive. Laws will have to be very thoroughly gone over and the tariff system revised in some way, but in general and as far as possible the system of government which now exists is to be followed. All this means work of the most serious character, and in the absence of existing laws to govern such matters, the president has to go ahead on his own responsibility. Next winter however, when congress convenes, the necessity for laws covering such matters will be recognizing by recommendations to congress to that end to be submitted by the president, and it is very probable the shaping of the destines of Porto Rico and similarly circumstanced accessions will be left to a commission or commissions to be appointed to draft the laws for adoption by congress. The government is likely to be busy from now on considering all these matters of governmental detail.

MANILA, July 18, via Hong Kong, July 22.—Unless the Spaniards surrender in the meantime, Rear Admiral Dewey will bombard the fortifications of Manila by the end of this week, provided troops are ready to take possession immediately.

The First regiment is already in the field at Paranqua, two miles from Manila.

The Spaniards are reported to have been buoyed up by the hope that the Cadiz fleet, due here on the 16th, would arrive soon, but the news of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron, brought July 17 by the Japanese cruiser Nanaiwa, may lead them to surrender. The insurgents are constantly harrassing the Spaniards on both sides of the city, but they are checked by the big guns of the Malate and Santa Misa forts.

The second detachment of the American expeditionary forces arrived in excellent condition, though four died on the voyage.

MANILA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, July 17, via Hong Kong, July 21.—Rear Admiral Dewey may decide to capture Manila before Gen. Merritt arrives here. In view of the possibility of an early peace and the news from Cuba, the insurgents are renewing their activity. There have been vigorous attacks and a slight bombardment on the outskirts of the city to which the Spaniards replied with an extravagant shelling. The Spaniards now say they do not believe the reinforcements promised them will ever reach here and they despair of success. But they condemn the proposal to retire to the citadel, which is utterly defenseless, as such a step will merely invite slaughter. Therefore they believe it would be better to surrender, though fearing public censure. However, they will probably be compelled to surrender soon, as food is dangerously scarce. They may pretend to fight the Americans for the sake of appearance, but the result will not be long in doubt if Admiral Dewey resolves to capture Manila with the forces he has at his disposal.

A Spanish steamer, the Vosol, having on board a native crew from the Visayes islands, Southerners, is now in the hands of the insurgents. The crew revolted, killed the Spanish officers and reached Tayabao in the southern part of the island of Luzon, but there they quarreled with Tagalon insurgents and returned to Iloilo, which is looked upon as indicating that the Visayes are unwilling to join the Tagalons.

In any case, it is considered certain that the Philippine islands will never be amalgamated and that they will never return to Spanish rule. Therefore the only alternative, in the opinion of the best informed people here, is foreign rule, American or British.

HONG KONG, July 22.—The news of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet at Santiago de Cuba was received at Manila on July 17 and created consternation among the Spaniards.

Letters received here from Cavite, dated July 18, says that the American transports have hoisted the American flag on an island supposed to be Watts island.

Gen. Aguinaldo has organized the Philippine cabinet at Bacoor with the following personnel: President of the council, Gen. Aguinaldo; secretary of war, Baldimiro Aguinaldo, nephew of Gen. Aguinaldo; secretary of the interior, Leandre Ibaira; secretary of state, Mariano Trias.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 21.—Arrangements practically were concluded by the government last night for the transportation of the Spanish prisoners at Santiago from Cuba to Spain.

The contract was awarded to the Spanish Transatlantique Company, represented by J.M. Cebballos & Co. of New York. The company agrees to carry the prisoners from Cuban ports to Spain at the rate of $20 for each enlisted man and $55 for each commissioned officer, subsistence to be furnished by the company on the army ration basis, as provided for in the government's advertisement for bids.

The award provides also that the company shall have five ships at Santiago in nine days from to-day (the 21st inst.), two in seventeen days from to-day and enough to complete the transportation of the prisoners in twenty-one days from to-day.

Two days ago Col. Hecker, in charge of the transportation of troops in the quartermaster-general's department of the army, went to New York to consult with shipping companies concerning the transportation of the Spanish troops surrendered at Santiago. Bids which he had previously advertised for were opened at the army building in New York yesterday. Col. Hecker returned to Washington last evening. Last night he had a conference at the war department with Secretary Alger, Quartermaster-General Luddington and Adjt.-Gen. Corbin. The bids of the several companies were considered, that of the Spanish Transatlantique Company finally being accepted, as, in all respects, it was regarded as the best made. On the basis of 24,000 enlisted men and 1,000 officers, it will cost the government $535,000 to transport the prisoners.

The ships will fly the colors of Spain and will be manned, probably entirely, by Spanish crews. It was remarked last night as one of the curious developments of the war that the United States government should enter into a friendly contract with a company, many of whose vessels are auxiliaries to the Spanish navy, and some of which have been captured or destroyed by the navy of the United States.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 20.—When the train bearing Bryan's regiment arrived here yesterday, Hon. Benton McMillin presented Col. Bryan to the large and enthusiastic audience of men and women who greeted him with cheers. Col. Bryan then spoke in part as follows:

"We do not know what may be the result of this war. War often brings results which were not imagined in the beginning, but one result has already been achieved during the war. If there was anybody in the United States who doubted the loyalty of the people of the South there will hereafter be no one to doubt the loyalty of the people of the South (Applause.) When the president of the United States gave a general's commission to Fitzhugh Lee and Congressman Wheeler the sectional question was forever buried, and hereafter there will be no Dixie line. (Applause.) When our band started down here I told them I wanted them to practice well on 'Dixie,' so that we could play it when we got down south, because I told them you had been practicing for thirty years on 'Yankee Doodle,' and we wanted to mix them down here." (Applause.)

Would Make a Mammoth Wheel.

The L. A. W. Bulletin estimates that there are now 12,000,000 bicycles in use. If these could be combined into one gigantic machine, its wheel would be 5,303 miles high; the chain would be 10,227 miles long; it would have 12,500 miles of tubing in it; there would be 1,580,000,000 balls required; its saddle would cover 1,000 square miles; it would weigh 180,000 tons, and a turn and a half of its wheel would take its rider around the globe.

"Spain discovered us." "Yes, and she made a mistake in not keeping posted about us after the discovery."—Chicago Record.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

A Missing Man in the Hospital.

J. Munro Shay, a young man who has been missing from his home at Williamsport since July 6, was brought back to that city Thursday evening. Shay had left home on that date, and while riding on a freight train at Rockville, fell off, and was precipitated over a steep embankment. He was taken to the Harrisburg hospital, and as soon as he was able was brought to his home.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

Against these rules for health we strike,
There is no chance to doubt 'em.
Just think up all the things you like
And strictly go without 'em.

—The old toper frequently gets away with more than he can carry.

—The average doctor seldom feels like leaving well enough alone.

—Clement Dale has announced himself as a candidate for Congress from this district.

—Gen. W. F. Reeder has announced himself as a candidate for State Senate on the Republican ticket in this district.

Impure blood is an enemy to health, and may lead to serious disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla conquers this enemy and averts danger.

Postmaster General Smith has announced that the United States postal service will be extended to Hawaii at once.

—"The Big Spring Creamery and Produce Company" is the name of the new company which is erecting the creamery in this place.

Twenty lepers who were released from the hospital by the Spariards at Santiago during the bombardment are still at large.

—Ten thousand demons knawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

Mrs. E. B. Ten Fyke has recovered $8,500 from the Long Island Railroad Company for the loss of both legs in an accident just before her marriage recently.

—The report that Chas. P. Hewes, Esq., of Erie, Pa., had decided to move back to Bellefonte, is not correct. He has opened a law office in Erie and is pleased with the change.

—Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

—An Ohio justice of the peace has just returned a verdict which officially recognizes the bicycle as a necessity in the Buckeye state. Any one of the 300,000 wheelman in the state, comments the Cycling Gazette, could have told him that long ago.

—Mrs. J. T. Roundtree has sold her store lately conducted by her husband, J. T. Roundtree, deceased, to Messrs. Harry Diehl and Jacob Barlett, who will continue the business.

—While running the steam drill at Morris' quarries at Salona, on Tuesday of last week, Clair Kessinger was struck on the neck by a piece of steel that flew off the drill. An artery was severed and the man came near bleeding to death before a physician got the flow of blood stopped.

—A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

—Little Mira Leathers, daughter of Wm. T. Leathers, of Mt. Eagle, died Friday at 12 o'clock of Diphtheria. She was ten years old and a very bright and intelligen' child. The funeral took Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment was made at Curtin's cemetery.

—The ladies' Aid society of the Reformed church, will hold a sociable next Friday evening at the home of Oscar Wetzel on Willowbank street. Ice cream, cake and coffee, will be served. All are invited.

—Feeding the refugees is a duty to which both the Government and the benevolence of the country should instantly address itself. War for a season made worse the plight of the reconcentradoes. Surrender ought at Santiago and in East Cuba to end their sufferings.

—According to the dates as selected by the state department of public instruction, the Centre county teachers' institute this year will open in this city Monday, December 19th. The institutes for Lycoming, Centre and Clearfield counties will open on the same date.

—The members of the Methodist church and Sunday school will picnic at Hecla park, today. Train leaves the depot of the Central Rail road of Penn., at 9 a. m. The Undine and will be present, and a good time is in store for all who attend. Go and enjoy yourself.

AN EARLY MORNING BLAZE.

The Large Stable Owned by Gotlieb Haag Burned to the Ground.

Wednesday a.m. about five o'clock fire broke out in the hay mow of the large stable owned by Gotlieb Haag in the rear of the Haag hotel on Bishop street. Harry Haag and an employe of the Commercial Telephone company were at work in the basement when the fire broke out and they at once gave the alarm.

The fire companies were soon on the scene and by hard work kept the fire confined to the Haag stable. Situated as the stable is, in the thickly settled portion of the town it proved no easy matter.

The Haag stable is a large brick affair with a slate roof. It was completely gutted, only the walls remain standing. About twelve loads of hay, one carriage, spring wagon, two sleighs, hay cutter and some grain and tools were destroyed.

Mr. Haag places his loss at $2.000 with only $1.000 insurance. This is the third time the stable has burned down.

The origin of this fire seems to be a mystery although some think it was caused by spontaneous combustion. There had been no one in the hay mow since the afternoon before.

Death of Mrs. Ellen Cole.

Monday noon the sad intelligence reached here of the death at Danville, Pa., that morning of Mrs. Ellen Cole, widow of the late John Cole, of Coleville. The deceased was born in Harris township, Centre county, and was 42 years of age. She was the daughter of Frederick Ray, deceased.

The following children survive her, Frank W., a member of Company B, now at Chickamauga, Ga.; Rebecca, Amos and Minnie, all of this place.

The remains of Mrs. Ellen Cole arrived in Bellefonte from Danville on the 4:10 train Tuesday afternoon They were taken at once to the home of her daughter, Rebecca, who makes her home with Mr. J. Shearer, on Willowbank street.

Solemn and appropriate funeral services were held at the house Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock They were conducted by Rev. Allen Rhen, pastor of the United Brethren church of this place, who preached an eloquent and touching sermon, speaking words of sympathy for the bereaved relatives and paying a high compliment to the kindly, christian character of the deceased.

There was quite a large attendance of the friends, relatives and old acquaintances of the deceased who came to pay a last tribute of respect to her memory. Several beautiful floral offerings adorned the casket, the gifts of loving friends.

The pall bearers were selected as follows, four by the children and two by other relatives. They were Samuel Shirk, Abram Hamilton, Aleck Campbell, Frank Garrett, John Houtz and George Cox.

The interment was made in the family lot in the Union cemetery, beside her husband, the late John Cole.

Married at the M. E. Parsonage.

Thursday, July 21st, at 7 p. m., Rev. T. L. Tomkinson, pastor of the M. E. church, of Philipsburg, performed the marriage ceremony for B. Frank Kyler, of Kylertown, and Annie J. Morris, of Rebersburg, the wedding taking place at the parsonage. The groom is a successful farmer near Kylertown and a most worthy young man. He has secured as a bride an excellent young lady, and we learn the happy young couple will go to house-keeping on the farm belonging to the groom only a short distance from Kylertown. We wish them many years of wedded happiness.—Philipsburg Journal.

Death at Nittany Hall.

George Grubb, of Nittany Hall, died at his home in that place, Tuesday morning at 5 o clock of grinder's consumption. He was an axegrinder by trade and was 46 years of age. He is survived by a wife and eight children. The funeral will take place this Thursday morning at ten o'clock. Interment will be made in St. Paul's cemetery at Nittany.

—A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhœa, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

DEATH OF JOHN KLINE, ESQ.

A Highly Respected Citizen and Member of the Centre County Bar.

"God's finger touched him and he slept."
—*Tennyson.*

Once again has the dark angel of death entered our little city and taken hence the spirit of an honored and highly respected citizen, in the person of John Kline, Esq., a member of the Centre county bar.

For months past he lay on a bed of sickness suffering from cancer of the stomach. Everything that medical skill could do was done for him. He was taken to an hospital in Philadelphia in February to have an operation performed, but they found his condition so serious that an operation would not save him but only serve to shorten his life.

He was brought back to his home in this place where, surrounded by every comfort and carefully watched and nursed by a loving wife and kind friends, the faint hope was entertained that he might regain strength and health. But such was not to be the case, as he gradually grew weaker until Friday at 11 o'clock p. m. when he quietly passed away at his home on West Curtin street.

John Kline was born May 10th, 1849, in Millheim, Centre county, and was aged, therefore, at the time of his death, 49 years, 2 months and 12 days. He was the son of George and Elizabeth Kline, well to-do farmers of that locality. His boyhood was spent upon the farm, working during the summer and going to school in the winter, In this manner he prepared for college, entering the Freshman class at Pennsylvania college, Gettysburg, in 1873, and graduating in 1877 with honors.

After leaving college he located at Pleasant Gap, Centre county, teaching school for awhile. Afterwards he came to Bellefonte and began the study of law and was admitted to the bar May 4th, 1883.

In March, 1893, he was happily married to Miss Katherine Ellen Olewine, of this place, who survives him, with three children, Ruth, Mary and John.

Mr. Kline's father and mother are living and reside at Lauvertown, Centre county, and he also leaves the following brothers and sisters, namely, Harrison Kline, of Bellefonte; Rev. Robert Kline, of Allentown; Mrs. W. A. Ishler, Bellefonte; Mrs. Harry Meese and Miss Alice Kline, of Lauvertown.

In the death of John Kline Bellefonte loses a citizen to be proud of, honest, upright and conscientious in all his dealings he won the unqualified friendship and praise of every one who met him. He was never a seeker after office, but for several terms was borough auditor.

Deceased was a member in good standing of the Bellefonte lodge I. O. O. F. He was a sincere Christian gentleman and a member of the Lutheran church.

To the bereaved family the sincere sympathy of the whole community goes forth in the loss of this kind husband, father, brother and friend.

The funeral of the late John Kline, took place Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock from his late residence on Curtin street, The attendance was large and many beautiful floral tributes were received.

The services were conducted by Rev. G. W. Leisher, of Boalsburg, assisted by Rev. W. A. Stephens of this place. The sermon delivered by Rev. Leisher was very touching, and spoke of the many excellent qualities of the deceased.

Centre lodge No. 153, I. O. O. F., and members of Centre county bar attended the funeral. The Odd Fellows held appropriate services at the grave.

The pallbearers were, H. B. Pontius, A. O. Furst, Thomas Moore, C. T. Gerberich, Clement Dale and Harry Keller, Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger:

W. C. Wolf, of Loganton, Clinton county, and Sadie S. Zeigler, of Wolf's Store, Centre county.

Wm. Sprankle and Sarah Cole; both of Spring Twp.

Antonio Tacavelle, of Benner Twp., and Tamasina Brumo, of Spring Twp.

Sold 1,200 Quarts of Berries.

J. P. Gephart, a farmer of Zion, raised 1,200 quarts of red raspberries on a half acre of ground this season and sold them all for 8 cents a quart. Berry cultivation at these figures is profitable.

IN HONOR OF CO. B.

D. C. Keller and Gotlieb Haag Raise a Beautiful Flag.

On last Saturday evening at 7 o'clock Landlord D. C. Keller and Mr. Gotlieb Haag, of this place, raised a beautiful flag on a large pole in front of their hotel on Bishop street in honor of the brave boys of Company B who are now on their way to Porto Rico.

The Undine band was present and furnished the music for the occasion, and probably 500 men, women and children gathered in front of the hotel and cheered lustily when "Old Glory" was unfurled to the breeze.

C. M. Bower Esq., democratic candidate for Superior Court judge acted as chairman and introduced speakers. Eloquent addresses were made by D. F. Fortney Esq., Clement Dale Esq., and Captain Hugh S. Taylor. The latter speaker paid a high tribute to the boys of Co. B. He said that they were the best drilled company in the 5th regiment and that they had the high honor of being the color company of that regiment. He closed by thanking on the part of his company, Landlord Keller, who gave the pole, Mr. Haag who gave the flag and the different speakers of the evening, and called for three hearty cheers for the above named gentlemen.

LAID TO REST.

Funeral of the Late Edward L. Powers, of This Place.

Very solemn and impressive funeral services over the remains of the late Edward Lawrence Powers were held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock at the residence on North Spring street.

They were conducted by the Rev. George J. Brown, pastor of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church, who preached a touching and eloquent funeral sermon. There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends and relatives who came to pay a last tribute of respect to a kind friend and neighbor. The floral tributes were beautiful and quite numerous.

Both the Logan Fire company and the Knights of the Golden Eagle, of which orders the deceased was a member, turned out to attend the funeral.

The pall bearers were taken from the Knights of the Golden Eagle and were Messrs. William Hogarth, Allen Stover, Leonard Wian, W. Harrison Walker, William Gordon and Milton Johnson.

The funeral procession proceeded to the beautiful Union cemetery where after short services the remains of Edward L. Powers were tenderly laid to rest.

Death of John T. Roundtree.

On Wednesday July 20th at fifteen minutes of one the silent angel of death entered the Roundtree home in this place and took hence the spirit of a loving husband and kindly neighbor, John Tyler Roundtree.

Mr. Roundtree had been suffering for some time with bright's disease and everything that medical assistance could do was done for him but to no avail. Death finally relieved him from his sufferings at the above stated hour.

Mr. Roundtree was born in Baltimore 58 years ago last May. About nine years ago he came to Bellefonte and engaged in the grocery business near Jackson's mill. There by careful attention to business he built up a large trade and won the esteem and friendship of all who came in contact with him. He was strictly honest in all his dealings with his fellowmen and no one can say an unkind word of him.

He is survived by his wife Ellen Roundtree and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Adam Wise, Mrs. Mary King, Mrs. Adeline Rickets, Harry C and Wm. H. Roundtree all of Baltimore.

The funeral of the late John T. Roundtree, took place Friday afternoon at 2:30 from his late residence on Willowbank street. There was a large attendance of friends and relatives and many floral tributes were received.

The services were conducted by Rev. Goodling, of the Evangelical church and Rev. W. A. Stephens, of the Methodist church.

The deceased was a member of the Knights of the Golden Eagle and this order attended the funeral in a body. The pall-bearers were taken from this order and were Messrs. John M. Keichline, James Schofield, Milton Johnson, Samuel Skirk, George Hollabaugh and David Barlett.

The remains were taken over the Central Raiload of Pennsylvania to Cedar Springs, Clinton county, where the interment was made.

—The ladies of the Christain church at Howard, will hold a festival on the lawn of Mrs. Martha Lucas near the station next Saturday evening. Everybody invited.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Miss Jennie Furst is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

Col. W. F. Reeder arrived home Friday from Harrisburg.

Robert Garman, of Coatsville, is visiting friends in town.

Col. J. L. Spangler arrived home Friday from Philadelphia.

Will McCalmont spent last Sunday at State College.

Paul Sheffer and Fred Montgomery spent Sunday in Scranton.

Mrs. F. W. Crider returned home Friday evening from Philadelphia.

Miss Maud Campbell, of Water street, is visiting friends in Muncy.

Mr. Linn Longwell, of Philadelphia, is visiting his mother in this place.

James L. Summerville of Winburne, transacted business in town Saturday.

Miss Maud Irvin, of Baileyville, is the guest of Miss Lillie Gehret of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Q. Miles and daughter, Maggie, spent Monday in Bellefonte.

Mr. Randolph Breeze, of Fort Wayne, Indiana, is at home for a short vacation.

Miss Clara Barger, of Altoona, is visiting Miss Maggie Underwood of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris jr., of Tyrone, visited in Bellefonte over Sunday.

W. E. Gray is confined to his house with an attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Miss Elsie Miller, of State College, is visiting Mrs. Margaret Alexander, of this place.

Misses Blanche Smith and Olivette Pifer, of this place, are visiting friends in Lamar

Miss Bessie Hayes returned home Friday evening after a pleasant visit with friends in Tyrone.

Mrs. John Confer and little son, of Milesburg visited friends in Lamar during the past week.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes arrived home Friday morning from Chickamauga on a short furlough.

Mrs. J. C. McEntire, of this place, has returned home after a pleasant visit of two weeks in Lock Haven.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Rankin and their little daughter are enjoying the sea breezes at Atlantic City.

John Conner, a former resident of this place, but now of Philadelphia, transacted business in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Cook of this place are spending ten days at Atlantic City. They left Thursday morning.

Wallace Wilson, of Altoona, after a very pleasant visit with his many friends in this place returned home Monday.

Mrs. C. H. Hoffman, of Ridley Park, Pa., was a guest over Sunday of J. Will Conley and wife of this place.

Charles E. Dorworth, a stenographer in the Agricultural department at Harrisburg is home for a short vacation.

Miss Ida Orris and Miss Van Sholck left Thursday on the 6:40 train for a ten days' visit to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Capt. H. S. Taylor arrived home Friday morning and remained until Tuesday when he again joined his company at Chickamauga, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Clawson, of Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., are visiting at the pleasant home of Samuel Sheffer, on East Curtin street.

Harry Roundtree, of Baltimore, Md., arrived in Bellefonte Thursday to attend the funeral of his brother, which occurred Friday.

Charles E. Walker, a student at Ada University, Ada, Ohio, is making a two weeks' visit to his brother, W. Harrison Walker, Esq., of this place.

James Riley, who during the last fire was employed by the Bellefonte Glass company as a glass cutter, left for his home in Muncie, Ind., Monday afternoon.

Edward L. Powers, a prosperous business man of Rosemont, Pa., after a very pleasant visit of one week with his many friends and acquaintances in town, returned to his home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chambers and little daughter Helen, left Thursday for Kennett Square, Chester county, to visit Mrs. Chambers' parents. Fred and Isaac have been there for some weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Garman and children arrived in Bellefonte Friday for their summer visit to the Garman home. Mr. Garman is in the jewelry business in Philadelphia.

Rev. W. H. Blackburn, a former pastor of the United Brethren church at this place, and who has been spending the past week in Bellefonte, left for his home in Braddock Monday afternoon.

Miss Ruth Tripple, one of the obliging lady operators at the Bellefonte telephone exchange, left Thursday for Lancaster, Pa. where she will spend the next two weeks visiting friends. In her absence Miss Margaret Teats will look after her flower agency.

Misses Margaret Steiner and Bertha Miller, of Lock Haven, who have been the guests of Miss Emma Holmes, of State College, for the past two weeks, left for home Thursday evening. They expect to stop a few days with friends in Hublersburg.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

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—Alfred Grove, the dairyman, met with a serious accident Saturday afternoon. He was working on a load of hay on his farm near Pleasant Gap, when he suddenly slipped and fell to the ground severing his spinal column. His condition proved most serious but the latest reports say he will recover.

THE BUSINESS MEN'S PICNIC.

Executive Committee Met on Wednesday to Make Arrangement.

A meeting of the officers and executive committee was held at Hecla Park on Wednesday, July 27th, in the afternoon, for the purpose of deciding upon the date of holding the third annual picnic of the business men of Centre and Clinton counties, and to transact whatever business may be neccessary pertaining to the event. The members of the executive committee and others from Bellefonte left on the 3:45 p. m., train for the park where they met the Lock Haven people.

At the second annual picnic held last year on Aug. 12th, the following officers and executive committee were elected:

President, Wilson Kistler, of Lock Haven; vice president. Hammond Sechler, of Bellefonte; secretary. J. C. Myers, of Bellefonte, and Treasurer, G. W. Fredericks, of Flemington.

Executive Committee—Thomas A. Shoemaker, William Conley, Bellefonte; P. P. Rittman, W. F. Elliot, G. W. Mason, Lock Haven; A. C Mann, Mill Hall; J. T. Smull, Mackeyville; Luther Furst, Cedar Springs; A. A. Bennison, Salona; W. H. Noll, Pleasant Gap, and J. F. Weaver, Milesburg.

Social Events of the Past Week.

During the past week there have been quite a number of very enjoyable social events:

Miss Mame Ceader served a dainty 5 o'clock dinner Thursday evening to twelve of her girl friends at her home on East Linn street. It was in honor of her guest, Miss Gorman, of Philadelphia.

Miss Madge Gilmore entertained a party of friends at her home on Spring street, on Wednesday July 20, There was dancing and cards. The guests of honor were: Miss Loret Gorman, of Philadelphia; Miss Alice Hemler, Harrisburg, and the Misses Schreyer, of Chicago.

Thursday evening a very enjoyable musical was given at the home of Mrs. Mose Burnett. It was the first of a series of musical events that are planned for Bellefonte this season. It proved most enjoyable.

On Tuesday, July 19, Miss Mary Sourbeck entertained at dinner Misses Maud and Minnie Schreyer, of Chicago. The Misses Schreyer are guests at the pleasant home of Mrs. Minnie Harper, on West Linn street, and are daughters of Charles Schreyer, Esq., superintendent of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad shops.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keller gave a delightful dinner party Monday evening in honor of Miss Adelaide Merriman, of Yonkers, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Quigley gave a tea at their home on East Linn street, Tuesday July 19, in honor of their guest, Miss Adelaide Merriman, of Yonkers, N. Y. The guests present were Rev. Geo. I. Brown, the new Episcopalian rector, and Mrs. Brown, Col. and Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds, Harry and Mrs. Keller, Katharine Harris, John Blanchard, Esq., and John M. Shugert.

—At the late U. S. court, at Erie, Pa., all the prisoners charged with crime, sixteen in number, plead guilty and received moderate sentences from Judge Buffington. Valentine Breon, of this county for counterfeiting was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and Charles F. Bartges, of Loganton, for passing the same, six months in the jail of Allegheny county.

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